

Aragamee School 2019-20



A report by students



ସୋନାଲ
ଦୁର୍ଗା ଦେବୀ
ଶ୍ରୀମତୀ
ସାରା ଦେବୀ

ସତ୍ୟାଜିତ ଦେବୀ
ଲକ୍ଷ୍ମୀକାନ୍ତ

Mukta Gyana Kutira Agragamee School 2019-20



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Foreword

Education of in the tribal districts still has many challenges where most children are still first generation school children. This means their parents and other elders at home have almost zero school education, and cannot support school learning nor monitor their child's progress in studies. Quite often, we come across parents who have pulled out their child from Class V or Class VI, because he or she cannot even write her name! In one instance, 25 girls from classes VII and VIII were taken out of school for enrolment in Agramee School (A school for tribal girls from class I to Class V, run by Agramee) as they had not even learnt to sign their names. In the meanwhile so many years of these children had been wasted, sitting in a classroom, learning next to nothing! If they had not gone to school, they would have learnt everyday life-skills essential for their daily routine in the village. In the tribal regions, most families are also too poor to afford any private schooling or tuition for their children. Digital and Distance Education like ByJu etc are remote dreams!

There is also a language barrier, as a very small percentage of teachers are tribal teachers who know the mother tongue of the children. The Government of Odisha has an MLE (Multi-lingual Education) Cell. But the out reach of the cell is not even 10% of the total primary and upper primary schools in the tribal regions. Out of 11497 schools under the Department of School and Mass Education, and 1594 schools under the Department of Schedule Tribes and Schedule Castes catering to tribal children, the MLE programme is operational only in 1485 schools. There is also a policy that teachers in tribal areas should learn the tribal language. But learning a new language effectively enough to communicate and teach in it, is quite a difficult task. A large number of teachers on their part, find it convenient to conclude that tribal children are too dull for school education. This is often apparent in their subtle and not so subtle statements during discussions on causes of low learning levels of the tribal children.

Agramee School has sought to address the several obstacles and problems affecting education of first generation school children, and developed a model of teaching, that helps teachers teach with ease, and makes learning fun and playful for the children, even as it engages their mind and cognitive abilities. In this, we have focused attention on the teachers, helping them come out of the methods of teaching and learning they have undergone, and make full sense of the constructivist paradigm.

The methodologies developed have provided tangible and positive outcomes, or results quite beyond our expectations, helping children learn without fear, develop their creative expressions, and look forward to school as a place of much fun activity. The eagerness with which they write, their enjoyment in the activity is evident in the expression of the children, in this report as well. In this report, which is the last Annual report of Agramee School children before the lockdown, Sujita has presented an overview of the 2019-20 school year, while Namita has written why she loves her language lessons so much and Muni has given a detailed breakdown of their fun activity to see how different seeds germinate. The pictures of this activity by different children are also delightful to see, as they have provided the stages of the seeds growth. The most interesting chapter to me is Rebati's description of the mathematics lesson, as she underscores that now they are able to calculate the cost of the items they buy when they go to the market. This is the first step to checking the lifelong exploitation and oppression that tribal communities undergo primarily because they have such low educational levels. We are happy Agramee School has been able check this, and just as importantly, our students realise the importance of this.

The lockdown did bring an abrupt halt to all the work we were doing as Agramee School, but also provided the opportunity of taking the model to the villages, and reach a much larger section of children. This helps us move closer to our mission of creating a generation of literates, empowered to fight exploitation and injustice in the tribal regions.

We are grateful to the people who have joined us in this mission and generously supported and donated so that tribal children in some of the most underdeveloped districts of India can get quality education.

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ବାର୍ଷିକ ବିବରଣୀ

ଆମ ସ୍କୁଲର ନାମ ସ୍ୱଚ୍ଛତା କୁଟୀର ଅଗ୍ରଣୀ
ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ କାଟୀପୁର । ଆମ ସ୍କୁଲର ପ୍ରଥମ ଶ୍ରେଣୀ
ରୁ ଅଧିକ ଶ୍ରେଣୀ ପର୍ଯ୍ୟନ୍ତ ଅଛି । ଆମକୁ ଡାକ୍ତରୀ
ବିଭାଗର ପାଠପଢ଼ାଳାଏ । ଭାଷା, ଗଣିତ, ପରିବେଶ
ବିଜ୍ଞାନ । ଆମେ ୯.୩୦ ବନ୍ଦିବାର ପ୍ରାର୍ଥନା
କରି ଯେତେ ଶ୍ରେଣୀର ଶିକ୍ଷା ପ୍ରାର୍ଥନା କରୁଛୁ
ଶ୍ରେଣୀର ଉପରେ ଶିକ୍ଷା ନୁହେଁ ଯେତେ ପଢ଼ି ନୁହେଁ । ଗାଳର
କଳା କଳା ହି. କେ କୁହୁଛି । ଆମେ ପଢ଼ୁଛୁ ସେ
ପେଟରୁ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ କରୁ । ଗାଳର ଆମେ ଦିବିଷ୍ଟ କିମ୍ବା
ସାଂସ୍କୃତିକ ଗାଳର ଦେଖି । ସେମାନେ ପଢ଼ିଥିବା ବିଷୟ
ରେ ହିତାକ୍ତ ଦିଅନ୍ତି । ସେଥିରୁ ଆମେ ଅନେକ କଥା
ସିଖିବା । ଆମେ ୧୦ଟାରେ ଗାଳ ପାଠପଢ଼ୁ । ଡା
କ୍ତରୀ ପାଠପଢ଼ି ଗଣିତ ପାଠ ପଢ଼ୁ । ୧୨ ଘଣ୍ଟା ପଢ଼ିବାର
ପାଠପଢ଼ି ଥାଏ । ଆମେ ସେଥିରୁ ଅନେକ କଥା
ସିଖିବାର କଥା ଦାଖିବା । ଆମେ ପରିବେଶର
ପଢ଼ି ସାରି ଆମକୁ ଗାଳ ଗାଳର ୨ ଟାରେ
କି ପାଠ ପଢ଼ି ବିଭିନ୍ନ ବ୍ୟାପକ, ନାଚ ଶିଳ୍ପ ପାଠ । ୩.୩୦
ବନ୍ଦିବାର ଆମେ ଖେଳ, ଡ୍ରାମା କଳ୍ପନା, ନାଚ, ସଙ୍ଗୀତ
କରିଥାଏ । ଆମ ସ୍କୁଲର ପଢ଼ାଳା ମିଡ଼ିଆ କକ୍ଷ
ଥାଏ । ପାଠର ଉପରେ ସୁଜିଥିବାର ଡ୍ରାମା ବିଦି, ସାମ,
ସମସ୍ତେ ମିଳି ଆମେ ଗଳ୍ପ କରୁ । ଆମ ସ୍କୁଲର ସାମ
କ୍ରମରେ ଗାଳ, ସାମ୍ବିନି ବିଧି ଆମେ ଥାଏ ।

Annual Report

Sujita Majhi,

Class - V, Vill: Katali

My school is Mukta Gyana Kutira, Agragamee Vidyalyaya, Kashipur. It is a primary school from 1st to 5th Standard. We are taught four subjects - Language, Mathematics, Environmental Science and English. We have prayer at 9.30 am. Two students of a class sing the prayer and we all follow. After its completion the students of the same class read aloud the newspaper. Thereafter, one by one, students ask and answer each other's General Knowledge questions. We read the newspaper and answer the questions.

Then we give the newspaper to Gurubhai (Male teacher) or Didi (Female Teacher). They also explain news, events and developments they have learnt from the newspaper. It helps us know so many things that occur in the world on a daily basis. We are taught Language in the first period at 10.00 am and at 11.00 am we drink ragi soup and afterwards we are taught mathematics.

At 12.00 noon we have Environmental Science. We learn a lot of things about plants, birds animals of different countries. We go for lunch

after finishing the Environmental Science. Thereafter, we are taught English at 2.00 pm.

After that we learn song and dance etc. Next, we play, sing, dance or clean our school surrounding at 3.30 pm. At 4.00 pm School meeting is conducted. If anyone has lost any item like rubber, pencil etc. then it is discussed by the school teachers and students and notified at the meeting that if someone has got it she should return it to its owner. Our school provides us oil and soap once a month.



ଆମ ବନ୍ଧିତାକୁ ବସ୍ତୁତ ସାମ୍ରାଜ୍ୟ ରୂପେ ନ୍ୟାସ
 ସ୍ଥଳରେ ଗୋଟିଏ ଲାଭକ୍ଷେତ୍ର ଅଛି । ସେ ଲାଭକ୍ଷେତ୍ର
 ଶ୍ରେ ବଜ୍ରୀନି ପ୍ରକାରର ଏକ ବସ୍ତୁ ଅଛି । ଆମେ ସେଇ
 ସ୍ତମ୍ଭ ଆଗି ଏକ ମାଗି ପଢ଼ିଥାଏ । ଆମେ ପ୍ରତିଦିନ
 ଶୁକ୍ର ବାଦ ଲାଭକ୍ଷେତ୍ର ବସ୍ତୁ ପଢ଼ିଥାଏ । ଆମେ
 ଲାଭକ୍ଷେତ୍ର ରୁ ବସ୍ତୁ ପଢ଼ିଥାଏ ଉତ୍ତମ ମାନଙ୍କୁ
 ଶୁଭାଚ୍ଛା । ଆମ ସ୍ଥଳରେ ଏକାକୀ ପୁଜା, ସରସ୍ୱତୀ
 ପୁଜା ପାଳନ କରାଯାଏ । ଆମ ସ୍ଥଳରେ ଏକାକୀ
 ପୁଜା, ସରସ୍ୱତୀ ପୁଜା । ଚନ୍ଦ୍ର ଘର ଶ୍ରେଷ୍ଠ ବସ୍ତୁ
 ଧାତୁ । ଫୁଲ, ଧୂଳ, ନଡ଼ିଆ, କମଳୀ, ଚାଉଳ ମାଳ
 ଅଗିଥାଏ । ଆମ ସ୍ଥଳରେ ଶତାଧିକ ବିଷୟ ମାଳିକୀ
 ବିଷୟ, ଶତ୍ରୁ ବିଷୟ, ଶୁକ୍ର ବିଷୟ, ବିଷ୍ଣୁ ଶାନ୍ତ ବିଷୟ, ବିଷ୍ଣୁ
 ସାଧ ବିଷୟ, ବାନ୍ଧା ଉତ୍ତମ ଗାଳନ କରା ଯାଏ ।
 ଆମେ ଏହି ଦର୍ଶ ଉତ୍ତମ ଦେଉ ଉପାସନା କିଭାବେ
 ଅର୍ପଣ କୁ ଯାଏ ସାଧୁ । ଆମେ ସେଠାରେ ଯାଏ
 ବସ୍ତୁତ ଏହି ଲାଭ । ବିଷୟରେ ଅଗଳ କଥା ଶିଖି
 ଗାଳନ । ଆମ ସ୍ଥଳରେ ଓଡ଼ିଆ ଅଗଳ କୁଶାଳମତୀ
 ପାତ୍ର, ଗୋପା ପଟ୍ଟନାୟକ, ପିତୃତ୍ର ପାତ୍ର ଶୁକ୍ରାକ୍ରମ
 ଧରା । ଆମେ ବିଷୟ, ସାଧ ମାଳିକୀ ଗାଳ, ଏକଗଳ କଳି
 ଦେଖାଏ । ଆମ ସ୍ଥଳରେ ମିତ୍ରୀ ମଧ୍ୟ ହୁଏ । ଆମେ ମିତ୍ରୀ
 ଅଗଳ କାମ କରୁ । ଆମେ ମିତ୍ରୀ ମାଳନ କରୁ ।

We take a lot of care of our garden. We have a School Library. There are many story books in that Library. We get story books to read from the library every Friday. We read the books, and tell stories to the younger children. We celebrate Ganesh Puja and Saraswati Puja in our school. We come to school that day wearing our home dress. We also bring flowers, scent stick, banana, rice etc. for offering to our deity. Meetings are held on Republic Day, International Women's Day, Children's Day, Teacher's Day, World Food Day, World Handwash Day, Gandhi Jayanti etc. in our school. We had been to Horticulture Office, ChingudiJhor for an exposure visit. There we learned a lot about different species of plants and crops.

Dr. Ajaya Kumar Mahapatra, Gopa Patnaik, Purnachandra Sir had come to our school. We had a show of our song, dance etc. for them. Regular meetings are also conducted in our school. We manage our activities according to the rules. We also abide by these rules.



We are provided notebooks, books, pen, pencil, rubber, cutter, geometry box, bag, boot, and school dress. We also get sweaters for the winter days. We come to school in a bus. In the early days, there was no bus. In those days, there were about 100 children in the schools. We used to come some of the days, and were irregular. But since the school got a bus, we come every day. After the bus was bought, 110 children came for admission.

We have a beautiful garden in our school. We water the plants everyday in the garden.



We have planted many varieties of flowering plants. We get plants from out village, and grow it in the school garden. When we plant a seedling, we manure it, mulch with dry leaves, and give water. Every Saturday, we have Activity Class. We gather in one class, and our teachers take the class. On that day, we write or learn new stories, songs and dance. We write beautiful stories from our mind and do a lot of innovative writing. These writings are published in the Dangar Katha and on the wall magazine. When our writing is published, we feel very happy.

ଆମକୁ ବହୁତ ସୁସ୍ୱୀଚ୍ଛାତା।

ମୋର ଡାମ ସୁନ୍ଦରୀ ସାହା

ପ୍ରାୟ ନିଜାଳୀ

ଶ୍ରେଣୀ ବର୍ଷ

ଅପ୍ରମାଣ ବିଧି ପାଳନ କାଳୋକ୍ତ।





ଶ୍ରୀ
 ନବ ହାଲିଡ଼ି ପାଠ୍ୟ
 ଶ୍ରୀମତୀ ଶର୍ମିଷ୍ଠା
 ଶ୍ରୀମତୀ ଶର୍ମିଷ୍ଠା
 ଶ୍ରୀମତୀ ଶର୍ମିଷ୍ଠା ବିଜ୍ଞାନୀୟ କାଳୀନ ପୁସ୍ତକ

Language Teaching in our School

Namita Kumbhar,
Class - V, Vill.: Kumbharsila

My name is Namita Kumbhar. I study in Class V. We first have prayer in our school. Then we study Sahitya Kusum (Literary blossoms). This book has 6 poems, and 11 prose lessons. When we read the prose we read it in Paragroups. Kanaka Guruma (Mam) teaches us Sahitya. We read the lessons as per the sense group. After we read one sense group, we answer questions posed by our Mam.

When we read verse, we sing it out in tunes. I like to read Vishwastha Sathi Jantramanaba (Everybody's friend, Robot). Why? Because the robot goes into the sea and lays pipe lines, it climbs up electric poles for repair and maintenance, just like a human being it climbs up ladders to reach the roof. It plays football, it exhibits different poses as if it is dancing. It is able to recognize the human voice, and also know about the human body. That is why I like this lesson a lot.

We also get books from the library to read in our language classes. Another lesson I like a lot is 'Why is Calvaria Crying'. In this lesson, Calvaria is a tree, whose fruit is eaten by the Dodo. The seeds of the Calvaria germinate from the droppings of the Dodo. This lesson makes me feel happy and sad. We also read the newspaper during the language class. Kanaka Guruma explains whatever we do not understand while reading the newspaper.



ସାହିତ୍ୟ ପଢ଼େ ଆମେ ପଢ଼ି ସାରି ପ୍ରଶଂସା କରୁ । ଆମ ସାହିତ୍ୟ
 ବହିରେ ଥିବା ସବୁ କେହି ଭଲ-କାମିଆ ଥିବା ଆମ ଉପରାଜ୍ୟ
 ପରି, ଉପାୟକୁ ବେଶ ପକାଇ ଆସ, ଶୁଣିଲା ପତ୍ର ହ କଥା, ଶୁଆ
 ଖାଲ, ପୁଲି, ମାରିଆର ମାତାମ ହୁଏତ, ବାପାନ ଅତ୍ୟନ୍ତ ଚିତ୍ରଣୀ
 ଥିଲ ନୀଳ ମଜି, ଯେ ଥାଏ ପର ଉପ କାର, ବିଶ୍ୱାସୁ ସାଧୀ ମାତ୍ରମଳି
 କରୁ ଶାନ୍ତ ଆଗେ ମଧ୍ୟ, କାଲି ଭେଦିଆ କାନ୍ତୁଛି ଉତ୍କଳ ପୁତ୍ର
 ପାରି କେତେନ, ମଳ ପଢ଼ି ଶଦ ଫୁଲକୁ ସାଜେ, ଯେଣ ଭକ୍ତ
 କାନ୍ତୁଣ ନାମକ, ଆମେ ଉତ୍କଳେ ଶିଶୁ, ଦିଅ କିଣା ଧନକୁ
 ଗଦ୍ୟ ଗଦ୍ୟ ପତ୍ର । ଆମକୁ ପଢ଼ିଲେ ବସ୍ତୁତ ଭଲ ଲାଗେ ।
 ଆମେ ଗଦ୍ୟ ପଢ଼ିଲା ବେଳେ ତାର ଅର୍ଥ ବୁଝି ପଡ଼ୁ । ଯଦି
 ଗଦ୍ୟର ଅର୍ଥ ନ ବୁଝି ପାରୁ ତାହା ଶୁଣେ ଶୁଣୁନା ଆମକୁ
 ତୁହିଲ ଦିଅନ୍ତି । କେଉଁ ପାଠ୍ୟ ଶୋଧେ ସହିତେ ବଢ଼ି ପଢ଼ିବାକୁ ଗୁରୁ
 ଭଲ ଲାଗେ ।

ଗୋର ନାମ- ନମିତା କୁମାର
 ଶ୍ରେଣୀ- ପଞ୍ଚମ
 ଗ୍ରାମ- କୁମାର ଗିଳା
 ଶ୍ରେଣୀ- ଅଭିଜ୍ଞାନୀ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ



Once we read and understand, then we answer questions.

The lessons in our language book are 'The National Flag is flying high, Come dressed properly, The Story of Dry Leaves, NuaKhai, Madam Curie, Japan Experience, Dukhi Dhana Neela Mani, One who lives for others, Everbody's Friend Robot, My Head is Bowed, Calveria is Crying, Son of Utkal, Pyarimohan, Dalapati Pada Tumaku Saje, Patriot Lakshman Nayak, We are Children of India. We like all the lessons and poems in our book. If we do not understand anything, then Guruma explains it to us. That is why I like reading our Language book very much.



ଗଢ଼ିତ ପାଠପଢ଼ିବା ବିଭିନ୍ନ ପଦ୍ଧତି

ଆମ ସ୍ଥାନୀୟ ନାମ- ମୁକ୍ତ ଜିଲ୍ଲା କୁଟାନ୍ତ ପଢ଼ାପଢ଼ିବା ବିଧାନାଳୟକୁ ଯୋଗେ ଗଢ଼ିତ ପାଠ ପଢ଼ିବା ପାଇଁ ବହୁତ କଠିନ ଯାତନା ।
 ଜ୍ୟାମିତି ବସ୍ତୁକୁ ବ୍ୟବହାର କରି $20^\circ, 180^\circ, 90^\circ, 45^\circ, 120^\circ, 135^\circ, 60^\circ$ ଇତ୍ୟାଦି କାମକ୍ଷି ସାହାଯ୍ୟକୁ ଯୋଗ୍ୟ ଅର୍ଥନୀତି କରି ଡ୍ରାଫ୍ଟିଂ କରୁ ସାହାଯ୍ୟକୁ ନାମି ଜାଣିଥାଏ । ଥିଏଟର ଡ୍ରାଫ୍ଟିଂ ସାହାଯ୍ୟକୁ ବ୍ଲୁକ୍ ଡ୍ରାଫ୍ଟିଂ ଓ ପ୍ରସ୍ତ, ଖରାଟ୍ ଡ୍ରାଫ୍ଟିଂ ପ୍ରସ୍ତ, ଖାତା ଡ୍ରାଫ୍ଟିଂ ପ୍ରସ୍ତ ଇତ୍ୟାଦି ନାମି ଖାତାରେ ଲେଖୁ ଚାହୁଁ ।
 ଆୟତ୍ତ ଡ୍ରାଫ୍ଟିଂ, ବର୍ଗ ଡ୍ରାଫ୍ଟିଂ, ବୃତ୍ତ, ତ୍ରିଭୁଜ ଡ୍ରାଫ୍ଟିଂ ଇତ୍ୟାଦି ଅର୍ଥନୀତି କରିଥାଏ ଏବଂ ତାହାକୁ ଚିତ୍ରାଙ୍କନ ଲେଖୁ ଚାହୁଁଥାଏ । ଆକାଶର ବିକାଶ/ଠେପ ସାହାଯ୍ୟକୁ ମନିଷର ଉଚ୍ଚତା ଯୋଗ୍ୟ ନାମି ନିଜ ନିଜର ଉଚ୍ଚତା ଥିଏଟର ଜାଣିଥାଏ । ଆକାଶର ବିକାଶ ସାହାଯ୍ୟକୁ ଆକାଶ, ପିଥାଜ, ମାଲିଆ, ସୁଗ, ଚାନ୍ଦନ, ଦାଗର ବସ୍ତୁ, ବସ୍ତୁତା, କୁଣ୍ଡଳ, ଲୁଗା ଓଜନ କରିଥାଏ । ସରକାରୀ ସ୍ଥଳାକାଶ, ସୁଗାକାଶ ଅର୍ଥନୀତି କରିଥାଏ । ଏହାକୁ କିଛି ଲେଖୁଥାଏ । ଲିଖୁକୁ ଲାଗୁ, ଲେଖୁ, ଯାକି ଇତ୍ୟାଦି ନିଜ ପଦା ଲାଗ । ସମ ବାସ୍ତୁ, ସମସ୍ତ ବାସ୍ତୁ, ବିଷୟ ବାସ୍ତୁ ଇତ୍ୟାଦି ଯୋଗ୍ୟ ଅର୍ଥନୀତି କରିଥାଏ । ଡ୍ରାଫ୍ଟିଂ ସାହାଯ୍ୟକୁ ଡ୍ରାଫ୍ଟିଂ ଅର୍ଥନୀତି କରିଥାଏ । ଆକାଶର ଯାକି ଲାଗୁ ଥିବା ଉଚ୍ଚତା ନାମି ଜାଣି ଯାହୁଁ । ଆୟତ୍ତ ଡ୍ରାଫ୍ଟିଂ ଡ୍ରାଫ୍ଟିଂ ଫର୍ମ = ଡ୍ରାଫ୍ଟିଂ \times ପ୍ରସ୍ତ, ବର୍ଗ ଡ୍ରାଫ୍ଟିଂ ଡ୍ରାଫ୍ଟିଂ ଫର୍ମ = (ବସ୍ତୁ \times ବସ୍ତୁ) ଥିଏଟର ଗଢ଼ିତ ବସ୍ତୁ ପଢ଼ି ଜାଣି ଯାହୁଁ । ଥିଏଟର ପାଠପଢ଼ି

Mathematics Lessons

Rebati Majhi,

Class - V, Vill: Kutrujhiri

Our school's name is Mukta Gyana Kutira, Agragamee School, Kashipur. I love mathematics a lot. We use geometry box and draw angles of 120° , 180° , 90° , 45° , 135° , 60° etc. and we know it by measuring these with the compass, Set-square, protractor etc. Through the scale we measure our classroom black-board, door, exercise note's length and width and note it down in our notebook. We draw the rectangle, square, circle, triangle etc. and we calculate its

circumference. We mark our height on the wall and measure it with the tape. We also weigh vegetables and other produce like potato, onion, Ragi, Mung, Rice, pearl millet, wheat, garlic, salt, chilly etc. in taraajoo/scales. We also draw right angle, acute angle, obtuse angle etc. In litre/scales we measure milk, oil, water and other liquid material. We draw equilateral triangle, isosceles triangle, scalene triangles etc. And, we draw lines in scales rule. We are

able to calculate the distance we walk to different points and destinations. The area of a rectangle is = length * width, the area of a square is = square of a side. We know all these by following our math book.



കേരളത്തിൽ ജൈവ വിവിധതയ്ക്ക് ജീവിയ്ക്കാനായി വളർന്നു വന്നു. അത് കേരളത്തിൽ ജൈവ വിവിധതയ്ക്ക് വളർന്നു വന്നു. അത് കേരളത്തിൽ ജൈവ വിവിധതയ്ക്ക് വളർന്നു വന്നു. അത് കേരളത്തിൽ ജൈവ വിവിധതയ്ക്ക് വളർന്നു വന്നു.

We measure the length and width of the rectangle through scales rule. We go to shop with a 100 Rupee currency note and we are able to calculate how much each of the items costs and the total cost of purchased items like oil, biscuit, Dal and how much Rupee the shopkeeper will return us finally.

In our Math class we have been taught angle, measurement of angle, some enclosed diagrams, circle and its related measurement, Similar diagrams pictures, different shapes of a matter, factor & multiple, concept of area, addition, subtraction, multiplication & division, small to higher fraction number

series, introduction to decimal number, metric system of measurement, time measurement, monetary transaction, data presentation etc.

Besides, our Guruma has also taught us addition, subtraction, multiplication & division, mixed fraction, improper fraction, percentage, smallest, highest, following and preceding number, extended number, place value number etc. We know by calculation to an arithmetic question: What would be the total no. of cabbage in 247 packets if a packet contains 36 pieces?

Our teacher has taught us how to convert a fraction into decimal. We stay quiet and



do understand whatever mathematics concepts are taught to us in that period. Our Guruma explain all these concepts to us in very simple and easy terms. That's why I take lot of pleasure in doing mathematics. I love the fraction subject of a matter most.

ଆମ ପରିବେଶ ବିଜ୍ଞାନ
 ପାଠପଢ଼ା ବିଷୟରେ

ଆମ ଛାତ୍ରର ନାମ ମୁକୁତ୍ସିନ କୁମାର ଅଗ୍ରୱାଳୀ
 ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ କାଶୀପୁର । ଆମ ଛାତ୍ରର ୧୦ ଜଣ ଛାତ୍ରୀ
 ପାଠପଢ଼ିବାକୁ ଆସିଥାଆନ୍ତି । ଆମକୁ ଚାଲି ସେନା ଦିନ
 ପରିବେଶ ପାଠପଢ଼ାନ୍ତି । ଆମେ ସାମ୍ପ୍ରତ ଯେଉଁଠି ବି
 ଯୁଲ୍ ପାଠପଢ଼ୁ । ସେଥିରେ ବିଭିନ୍ନ ସାମ୍ପ୍ରଦାୟ
 ଥାଏ । ସେ ସାଥେ ମୁକ୍ତିକଳ ନାମ ହେଲା ଚେଷ୍ଟା
 ମୁକ୍ତିସାଥ, ଲେଖିକା, ଯାଦବ ଲକ୍ଷଣ । ଯେଉଁଠି
 ବିଷୟରେ ସାତର ଯୋଡ଼ା ଶୁଣିବା ଏ କୋଲିଜିଆ
 ଗାନ୍ଧୀ । ଆମେ ଭିତ୍ତିଗତ A, B, C, D କିମ୍ପାରେ
 ଯେଉଁଠି ବିଜ୍ଞାନ ବସ୍ତି ପଢ଼ି ଶାନ୍ତି ଗାନ୍ଧୀ । ଭିତ୍ତିଗତ 'A'
 ଅଧ୍ୟାୟକୁ ଅଧ୍ୟାୟ କରା । ଶୁଣିଲା ଉପ. ଦେ ଯୋ ଯିବ
 ଅଧ୍ୟାୟରେ ସମ୍ପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ. ନ. ଗାନ୍ଧୀ । ଯେଉଁଠି ଯୋ
 ଥାଏ ଭିତ୍ତିଗତ 'B' ଅଧ୍ୟାୟ ହେଲେ ଶୁଣିଲେ ଯାନ୍ତି
 ଯିବା ଯାହା ଗୋଟିଏ ମୁକ୍ତିକଳ, ଯିଉ, ଗାନ୍ଧୀ ଯା
 ହେବା ଯେଉଁଠି ଯାଏ । ଭିତ୍ତିଗତ C ଅଧ୍ୟାୟରେ
 ଯେଉଁଠି ଯାହା ହୋଇଥାଏ । ନାମ ଯାହା ମୁକ୍ତିକଳ
 ଅଧ୍ୟାୟ ନ ଯୁବା ଯେଉଁଠି ହୁଏ । ଭିତ୍ତିଗତ 'D' ଅଧ୍ୟାୟ
 ଆମକୁ ହିଲେକ୍ସ ଅଧ୍ୟାୟ ହିଲେକ୍ସ ହୋଇ ମୁକ୍ତିକଳ
 ଯିବା ଯେଉଁଠି । ଆମେ ଅଧ୍ୟାୟ, ଯଦିଲ୍, ଗାନ୍ଧୀ
 ଯାହା ଯେଉଁଠି ଅଧ୍ୟାୟ ଯାଦବ ଲକ୍ଷଣ ଯାହା ଯାହା
 ଯେଉଁଠି ଆମେ ଆବିଷ୍କାରୀ ବିଜ୍ଞାନ ଯଦି ସମ୍ପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ
 ଯେଉଁଠି ଯାହା ଯାହା ।

About Environmental Science Lessons

Sujata Majhi,
Class - IV, Vill.: Kutrujhiri

Our school name is Mukta Gyana Kutira, Agragamee School, Kashipur. A total of 210 students attend the school from Class - I to Class - V. Jagnyaseni Sister teach us Environment Science. We study on health and diseases. We study about different nutritional inputs. Those are: minerals, vitamins and other nutrients. From our environment science we know that deficiency of carbohydrates causes dryness of our skin especially of hand. We are able to know about Vitamin A, B, C, D from our Environment Science textbook. Vitamin A deficiency causes night blindness, dryness of skin. The affected person is not able to

see properly after evening. Vitamin B causes swelling of hands, legs, ulcers in tongue. It also causes swelling of gum and mental inactivity. Vitamin D causes Rickets disease whereby the skull bone gets softer. We get minerals from egg, banana, cheese, fish etc. Thereafter, we study about sanitation and waste management.



Our teacher teaches us about how the waste material is generated. She asks each of us to explain how waste material was generated at different places. Each of us stand up and explain the causes of waster material generation and its management.



Next, we are taught about the 'First Aid' treatment. The First Aid treatment is generally done by the medical doctor. Using a 'Thermometer' we know about our body temperature. If blood comes out through nose then the breathing is done through the mouth. We learn about different issues and their immediate remedies.

Afterwards, we learn about deforestation, soil erosion, and water pollution. We are also taught not to harm trees and plants, to

water the plants where there is need be, to not to fell trees from the forest. If there is deforestation then it will cause depletion of moisture from the atmosphere and increases the carbon dioxide in the region causing more heat.

Then, we are taught about plant - how its different parts like the stem, root, leaves, trunk etc. function together for the growth of the plant, how the leaves prepare food from the sunlight.



One day we experimented how a candle burns and turn off. We brought a bowl. We added water to the bowl. We lighted the candle and put it on the bowl. Then we covered the bowl with a glass plate. The candle slowly

turned off. We discovered that the candle was burning with oxygen and releases carbon dioxide.

On other day, we experimented how germination occurs in a seed. We first put the seed on the tissue paper. We covered it with another piece of tissue paper and then we water the tissue paper. After a day, the root appears, then sprout came out from the seed. The after some days leaves came out. We could know from this experiment that first comes out the root and then the sprout shoots up. And, after some days the leaves blooms. After some days



the root, sprout, leaves etc. all died. The plant died means we had put it on the bench. But, it requires soil, air, water and sunlight etc. That's why the plant on the bench died.



ମଞ୍ଜିର ଗଜାଦୁଧ କିପରି

ସେପ୍ଟେମ୍ବର ମାସ ତା' ୧୫/୧୬/୧୭ର ଦିନ ଆମେ
ଘରୁ ପ୍ରଥମରୁ ପଢ଼ିବା ଶେଷ ଦିନା ମିଶି ମଞ୍ଜି ଆଣି
ମଞ୍ଜି ଶୁଦ୍ଧିକର ନାମ ହେଲା ବାଙ୍କୁ, ଭେଣ୍ଟି, ପାନ, ଶୀମ୍ବ,
ମୂଳା; କୁମ୍ଭତା, ସୋରିଷ, ଜାକ୍ଫୁଟି, ମଜା, ହୁଣ୍ଡୁଙ୍ଗା, କୁଟା
ବିନିସ ୬ଟି ସବୁ ମଞ୍ଜି ଆମେ ନେଇ ଝା.ପାଣି
ଲୁଣ । ବେଢ଼ି ଉପରେ ଶିମ୍ବ ଘୋର ରଖି ତାହାକୁ
ମଞ୍ଜି ରଖି ସେ ମଞ୍ଜି ଉପରେ ଘୋର ଲେଖାଏଁ ଶିମ୍ବ
ଘୋର ଘାଣ୍ଟି ଦେଲୁ । ପାଣି ପାଣି ତା ଉପରେ ପକାଇ
ଦେଲୁ । ତା ଆଉ ଦିନ ଆମେ ସୁଲୁ ଆସି ଘୋର
କାଟି ଦେଖିଲୁ ଶୀମ୍ବ, ବାଙ୍କୁ, ହୁଣ୍ଡୁଙ୍ଗା ୬ଟି ସବୁ ମଞ୍ଜି
ଫୁଲି ଫୁଲି । ଆମେ ସବୁ ଦିନ ପାଣି ଦେଉ ଫୁଲୁ
ତ ତାହିତା ଦିନ ବାଙ୍କୁ, ହୁଣ୍ଡୁଙ୍ଗା ସବୁ ଗଜା ହୋଇ ଫୁଲୁ
ଆମେ ସୋମ ବାହ ଦିନ ଆସି ଦେଖିଲୁ ତାହାରେ ୧
ତାହିତା ଦିନ ପାନ ଫୁଲି ଫୁଲି । କୁପ କାହ ଦିନ
କୁଟା ବିନିସ ମଞ୍ଜି ଗଜା ହୋଇ ଫୁଲୁ । ଆମେ ୧୦
ତାହିତା ଦିନ ସମସ୍ତେ ମଞ୍ଜି ଗାଈରେ ରସି ଘୋଟ
ଉଠେଇଲୁ ୧୦୦ ଘୋର ପାଣି ଦେଲୁ

How seeds germinate

Muni Majhi,

Class - V, Vill: Katali

On 4th September we all the students from class -I to Class - V brought seeds - Bailo (Bailo), landies finger (Bhendi), paddy (Dhana), Bean (Shimba), radish (Mula), white gourd (PaniKakharu), Mustard, Cucumber (Kakudi), Corn (Maka), Cowpea/asparagus beans/ long beans (Jhudunga), Gram/chickpea/Bengal gram (Buta)etc. from our villages respectively. We conducted an experiment with these seeds. First of we put up these seeds each on a piece of tissue paper in a bench. Next, we covered each seed with a piece of tissue

paper again. We sprinkle water on these seeds in the tissue papers.

The following day we came to school and went to the school garden to the bench, uncovered the tissue paper and discovered that some of the seeds - Bean (Shimba), Bailo, cowpea etc. have grown bulkier. We sprinkle water to the seeds in the tissue papers every day.

On 8th September we found all the gram and Bailo seeds had had sprouts.

On 9th September we again inspected the seeds on the bench and discovered that paddy had given sprouts.

On Wednesday the gram and Beans seeds had sprouted.

On 10th of September we all posed for photo session with the sprouted seeds



on the bench and we were taught about the environmental science.

On 11th the paddy seeds had sprouted shoots.

We had recorded all the growth of different seeds in the environment science period.

On 12th September sprouts came up from Cowpea and Corn seeds.

On 13th September all the seeds had developed sprouts.



On 14th September the Gram seeds' sprout had grown taller and it was very nice to witness it growing taller.

On 16th September two-three shoot of leaves had started from Beans, Bailo, Ladies finger, Mustard etc. seeds.

From our experiment we could know what comes out first - sprout or roots. So, we found out that it was not the sprouts but the roots that first come out from the seeds.

ସ୍କୁଲ ସିଲେବ

ଧ୍ୟାନ ସ୍କୁଲରେ ପ୍ରାୟତଃ ଦିନ ୩:୩୦ ସମୟରେ ପଠା ପଢ଼ାପଢ଼ି ସ୍କୁଲରେ
 ସିଲେବ ହୁଏ । ସେଥିରେ ସବୁ ଦିନି ଧାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ଶୁଭୁକା ଦେବା ମାନେ
 ଦେ ପଞ୍ଚମ ପଞ୍ଚମ । ସିଲେବ କଲ୍ୟାଣ କେଳେ ଦେବା ମାନେ ହୁଏକା ହୁଏକା
 ଦେନ, ଦେନସିକ, ଦୁକର, ସବୁ କିନିକଲୁ ସିଲେବ ସହାରେ ଦେତ ।
 ଶୁଭୁକା ଧ୍ୟାନ ଦେନ, ଦେନସିକ, ଦୁକର, କିଡ଼ାଟୁ କୋକ୍ରି କହୁନ୍ତି । ଯାହାଟୁ
 ହୁଏକା କଲୁକା । ସେହି ସିଲେବ ମାନେ ନିଜ ନିଜ କିନିକଲୁ କାକି ନିକାହୁ ।
 ଶୁଭୁକା କଲୁକା, ନିଜ ନିଜ କିନିକଲୁ ସାହାଣି କରୁ ଦେନି । ଧ୍ୟାନ
 ନିଜ ନିଜ କିନିକଲୁ ସାହାଣି ଦେନି ଦାହୁକି କୋକ୍ରି କୁ ଧ୍ୟାନେ ସାହାଣେ
 ହେଉକାହୁକା । ଯାହା କରୁକା ନାହିଁ ଧ୍ୟାନ ସ୍କୁଲରୁ ନିକାହୁ ସୁକିକରୁ
 ନାମ ଦେବା ହୁଏକା ଶୁଭୁ ଦୁକରା ନାହିଁ ଦାହୁକି ଦାହେ ସେକିକା
 ନାହିଁ । ସିଲେବ ଶୁଭୁକା ଦେନା ମାହୁକା ନାହିଁ କାହୁକି ଶାହୁକା
 ନାହିଁ । ଶୁଭୁକା ଦେନା ନାହିଁ ସାହାଣ ସାଧୀ ମାନେ ସହାଣ
 ଦେନା କରୁକା ନାହିଁ ସାହାଣ ସାହାଣେ ଧ୍ୟାନ ଦେନ ଦେନ
 ସିଲେବ ଦେନା କରୁକା ନାହିଁ ଧ୍ୟାନେ ଦିନା ମାନେ ଦେନା ଦେନା
 ଦେନ, ଦେନାହୁକା ନାହିଁ ସାହାଣ ଦେନା ମାନେ ମାହୁକା
 ନାହିଁ । ଦାହୁକା କେଳେ ଦେନା ଦେନା ଦେନା ନାହିଁ ଦାହୁକା
 ଦାହୁକା କେଳେ ଦାହୁ ଦେନା ଦେନା ନାହିଁ । ଧ୍ୟାନ ସାହାଣ
 ଧ୍ୟାନ ସିଲେବ କରୁ ସାହାଣ କାହୁକାହୁକା ହୁଏକା ହୁଏକା
 ଦାହୁକା ଦେନା ଧ୍ୟାନ ନିଜ ନିଜ ଶାହୁକା ହୁଏକା ହୁଏକା ।
 ଧ୍ୟାନେ ଦେନା ଧ୍ୟାନ ନିଜ ନିଜ ଶାହୁକା ହୁଏକା ହୁଏକା ।
 ଧ୍ୟାନେ ଦେନା ଧ୍ୟାନ ନିଜ ନିଜ ଶାହୁକା ହୁଏକା ହୁଏକା ।
 ଧ୍ୟାନେ ଦେନା ଧ୍ୟାନ ନିଜ ନିଜ ଶାହୁକା ହୁଏକା ହୁଏକା ।

ଧ୍ୟାନେ ଦେନା ଧ୍ୟାନ ନିଜ ନିଜ ଶାହୁକା ହୁଏକା ହୁଏକା ।
 ଧ୍ୟାନେ ଦେନା ଧ୍ୟାନ ନିଜ ନିଜ ଶାହୁକା ହୁଏକା ହୁଏକା ।
 ଧ୍ୟାନେ ଦେନା ଧ୍ୟାନ ନିଜ ନିଜ ଶାହୁକା ହୁଏକା ହୁଏକା ।
 ଧ୍ୟାନେ ଦେନା ଧ୍ୟାନ ନିଜ ନିଜ ଶାହୁକା ହୁଏକା ହୁଏକା ।

School Meeting

Anjana Jhodia,

Class - IV, Vill: Ratapada

The School Meeting is organized everyday from 3.30 pm to 4.00 pm. All the school teachers are present there at the meeting. The lost pen, pencil, rubber etc., if found, are submitted before class teachers at the meeting. Guruma asks in the meeting if anyone has lost anything displaying those items before everybody. Those who had lost their items they come to Guruma and take back their item respectively. Thereafter, Guruma asks the students to care for their own items in their responsibility. These items get lost here and there only when the students don't

keep it in their custody and responsibility. She guides us not to do that.

The rules of our school are: we shouldn't cause any harm to flower plant, not to play with water supply in the pipe or at the tap. We shouldn't also pelt stones at the guava tree, not to draw lines on the wall. We shouldn't also climb any tree. We shouldn't quarrel with our fellow-friends. We shouldn't steal any item like pen, pencil or rubber of our fellow friends and also shouldn't take away exercise book and textbooks given to each student by

the school teachers. We shouldn't slap our younger friends at the school. While walking on the road we should always keep to the left and not to the right.

We follow these rules. After the meeting we get in the queue to get into the school bus and we all happily return to our villages respectively.



ଆମ ସ୍କୁଲ ପାଠାଗାର

ଆମ ସ୍କୁଲର ନାମ ପୁଣି ଜ୍ଞାନ କୁଶଳ ଆଗ୍ରାମୀ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ କାଞ୍ଚିପୁର।
 ଆମ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ଶାନ୍ତନୁ କିନ୍ତୁ। କାଶୀପୁର କୁଳ କୁମ୍ଭର ଶିଳା ଗ୍ରାମର
 କିଛି ଦୂରରେ ଅବସ୍ଥିତ। ସେମାନେ ଶ୍ରୀକେଶୀ ନାଥଙ୍କ ଶ୍ରେଣୀ ଚାଳନାରେ
 ପଢ଼େ । ଆମ ସୁନ୍ଦର ଜ୍ଞାନ କୁଶଳ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ରେ ୩୦ ପାଠାଗାର ଅଛି ।
 ସେଗୁଡ଼ିକର ନାମ ହେଲା ଜ୍ୟୋତିରାମୀ ପାଠାଗାର ବାଧ୍ୟକର୍ମୀ ଦେବୁରା
 ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ପାଠାଗାର । ପ୍ରାୟ ୧୫ ଆନେ ପ୍ରତ୍ୟେକ ଶୁକ୍ର କାଳରେ
 ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ପାଠାଗାର କୁ ନାହିଁ କିନ୍ତୁ ପ୍ରକାର ପୁସ୍ତକାଳୟ । ଏହା
 ରେଡ଼ିଂର ଗପ ବହି ଶୁକ୍ଳିକ୍ରମ ହସ୍ତ କହିଥାନ୍ତି ପାଠ ପଢ଼ି ପାହୁ । ଆମ
 ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ରେ ଖାଲି ସ୍କୁଲ ର ପାଠ୍ୟ ପୁସ୍ତକ ହସ୍ତେ ଶିକ୍ଷାଦିଆ
 ଯାଏ ନାହିଁ । ଏହା ସମସ୍ତ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ କର୍ମ ରେ ମଧ୍ୟ ପଞ୍ଜୀ ପ୍ରଦାନ
 କରୁଥାଏ । ଏହି ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ପାଠାଗାରରୁ ଖାଲି ହିତାନ୍ତୀ ମାନେ
 ନେଇ ପାଠ ପଢ଼ନ୍ତି ତାହା ନାହିଁ । ଆମ ଗୁରୁମା ତଥା ସାଥୀମାନେ
 ମଧ୍ୟ କିନ୍ତୁ ପ୍ରକାର ବହି ଶୁକ୍ଳିକ୍ରମ ନେଇ ପଢ଼ାଉଛନ୍ତି କରୁଥାନ୍ତି ।
 ଏହାଛଡ଼ା ପଢ଼ି ଆମେ ଓକେଡେ ପ୍ରକାର କଳା ଶିଳ୍ପ ବଦଳି
 ମନେ ହେବୁ ପାହୁ । ମନେ ହେବୁ ଆଜ୍ଞା ନିବିନ୍ଦୁ ସହାୟ ଗପ
 କରୁଥାଏ । ଏହା ଡାକି ଡେକେ ଯୋଗ୍ୟ ବହି ଗଳ୍ପାପଢ଼ି ସାହିତ୍ୟ
 ପଢ଼େ ଓକେଡେ ମାହି ଆମେ ନିବିନ୍ଦୁ ଜନ୍ମ । ଶୁରୁମା ଡାକିମାନି
 ଓକେଡ଼ ଗପାକା ବହି ପଢ଼ିଲେ ତା ବିଷୟରେ କ'ଣ ଶିଖିଲେ କେହି
 ପାହାରି ଥାଆନ୍ତୁ । ସେ ବିଷୟରେ ଆମେ ଗପାକରୁଥାଏ ।
 କେଉଁଠି ଓକେଡେ କା ଗପା କରୁଥାଏ ତା ସେମାନେ ସାହାଯ୍ୟ ମାନେ କରୁ

Our School Library

Sridevi Naik,
Class: V, Vill: Kumbaharsila

Our school's name is Mukta Gyana Kutira, Agragamee school, Kashipur block of Rayagada district, Odisha. It is located near Kumbharsila village under Kashipur block. My name is Sridevi I attend Class - V in this school. We have two libraries in our Mukta Gyana Kutira School - one is Central Library and the other one is School Library. Mostly on Friday we go to library and find choose among many beautiful, pictorial story book. We each issue one such story book and read it on that day.

We are not only taught from our different school textbooks in our school but we also participate in types of extracurricular activities. It is not that the students only are allowed to issue such books from the library but our school teachers also issue books from the library of their choices and go through those books for knowledge and learning.

Library books expose us to an expanded knowledge base and learning and exponentially increases our awareness. We love reading children's story books and remember it. When the library period is over and the school bell

rings we get together for the school meeting where we told our read stories by each student.

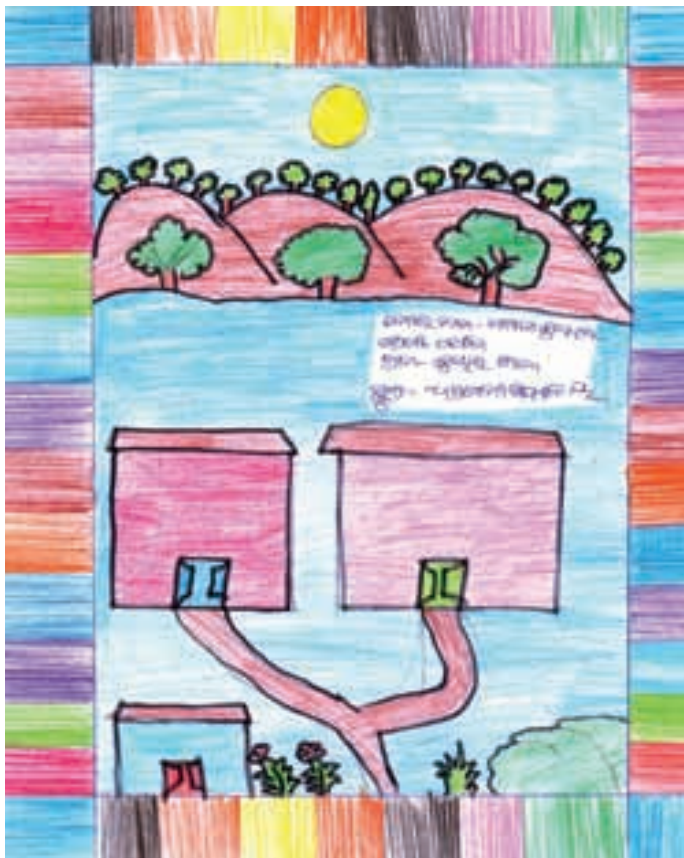
This is done in the afternoon. When we each finished reading our library books and the school bell rings we sit together for the meeting. Our school teachers asked there what story books we have gone through and what did we learn from them. We each narrate our story and learning there from. Likewise we describe the theme of the some stories and and my friends



ସାହିତ୍ୟ ଏକାଡେମୀ ପୁସ୍ତକ ପ୍ରତିଯୋଗିତାରେ ଏହି ପୁସ୍ତକ ପାଇଁ ସମ୍ମାନ ପ୍ରଦାନ କରାଯାଇଛି ।
 ଏହା ଏକ ସୁନ୍ଦର ପୁସ୍ତକ ଯାହା ପଢ଼ିବାକୁ ଅତି ସୁବିଧାନୀୟ ।
 ତାହାରେ ବିଭିନ୍ନ ପ୍ରକାରର ଗପ ଓ କବିତା ରହିଛି ।

ନାମ = ଶ୍ରୀମତୀ ନିଧି
 ପୃଷ୍ଠା = 10
 ଶ୍ରେଣୀ = ପଞ୍ଚମ
 ପାଠ୍ୟପୁସ୍ତକ = ଶ୍ରୀମତୀ ନିଧି
 ସ୍ଥାନ = ଉତ୍କଳ ବିଶ୍ୱବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ, କଟକ





narrate some other stories. This way we love to retold our read stories to our school teachers. And, that's why our school teachers love us very much. Finally, when this meeting is concluded we return home in our school bus.



ଆମ ନୀଳଗିରି ବିଷୟରେ

ଆମ ଶୁଣିବେ ଗୋଟିଏ ନୀଳଗିରି ଥିଲା । ସେହି ନୀଳଗିରି
ରେ ବହୁତ ଗପ ରହିଥିଲା । ବହୁ ଶୁଣିକ ଥାଇ ଉପରେ ଚଢ଼ି
ଯାଇଛି । ସେହି ବହୁ ଶୁଣିକ ଉପରେ ପ୍ରତ୍ୟେକ ଶୁଣିକ
ପଢ଼ୁ । ସେହି ବହୁ ନୀଳଗିରି ନାମ ଛାତ୍ରୀ ଶିପ ଶିପ,
ପଢ଼ୁ ପଢ଼ୁ, କାଳି ଦେଖା ହେବା ବେଳେ, ପିଲାଙ୍କ ଶିପବହୁ
ବାଣୀ, ମୋ କଳାବାହା ଘର, ଉଠିବ କଥା, ଗୋଲ ଗୋଲ
ଖାଲୁ, ଧାଳୁମାଲୁ କାଳୁ, ବିଷୁ ଉପହାର, ମାଆ ଜଳଦି କର
ଘର ଦେଖିବା କାହାଣୀ ହୁଲୁ ହୁଲୁ ନୀଳ ଚାପାଦି । ଓହି
ବହୁମାନଙ୍କର ଅନେକ ଛୋଟ ଗପ ଥିଲା । ସେହି ଗପ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ
ଆମେ ଅନେକ କଥା ଶିଖୁ । ସେହି ଗପରୁ ଆମେ ଲିପା
ଲିପା କଥାଶିଖୁ ଥାଏ । ନୀଳଗିରିରୁ ବହୁ ବେଳା ବେଳେ
ଚେଜିଷୁର ଖାତାରେ ପାଠକ କରୁ । ଚେଜିଷୁର ଖାତା ମଧ୍ୟରୁ
ସମସ୍ତ ଶିଖା ପାଠକ ଗୋଟିଏ ଗୋଟିଏ ଚେଜିଷୁର ଥିଲା ।
ମୋଠେ ଶିପ ଶିପ ଶିପ ବହୁ କଳ ନୀଳ । ଗପ ପଢ଼ି ପାଠିକି
ମିଶିବ ପଢ଼ାରେ ଜଣେ ଜଣେ ଯାହା ପଢ଼ି ହୁଅନ୍ତି ଥାଏ ତାହା
ଆମେ ଦିନି ଆମି । ଶୁଣିମା ମାନଙ୍କ ଆଗରେ କହିଥାଏ ଚିକି
ପଢ଼ି ପାଠି ଆମେ ପଢ଼ାକ ରଖୁ । ଆମ ଶୁଣି ନୀଳଗିରି
ଦେଖି ବାଲୁ ବିଷୁ ଉପହାର । ନୀଳଗିରିରେ ଅନେକ ଗପ ବହୁ
ମାନେ ଥିଲା । ଆମ ଶୁଣି ବହୁ ଶୁଣିମାନଙ୍କର ପାଠ ମାନେ
ଆମେ ପଢ଼ିବା ପାଠକ ବହୁ କିଛି ଆମି ଦିଅନ୍ତି । ଆମେ ପ୍ର
ବହୁ ପଢ଼ୁ । କେତେଗି ଶିପ ପଢ଼ିଲେ ଆମକୁ ବିଷୁ ଉପହାର
କାଳି ଥା

Our School Library

Mamata Jhodia,
Class - V, Vill: Ratapada

Our school has a Library. There are many story books in that Library. The books are arranged properly on the shelves. We read those books every Friday. The name of those books are 'Tip Top Tip', Patra Hin Patra (Leaf is Leaf), 'Kali Dekha Heba Benga' (The Frog We Saw Yesterday), Pilanka Gapa Bahi' (The Children's Story Book), Vani (Wisdom), Mo Kaka Bahaghara' (My Uncle's Marriage), Do nger Katha (The Stories From the Hills), Gol Gol Gooloo' Alu Malu Kalu, ChinuraUpahara' (Chinu's Gift), Maa Jaldi Kara' (Mummy Hurry Please), GharaPheriba Kahani' (The Story of Home Coming), BulbulraLanja' (The Tail Of Nightangle) etc. These story books contain many small stories. We learn many things going through those stories.

We learn many new ideas and other things from these stories. We sign in the Register Book while issuing a book in our name. There is a Register Book for each Class from Class - I to V.

I love the 'Tip Top Tip' book very much. After finishing the story we each narrate story and what we have learnt from its theme before



our school teachers in the school meeting. After finishing the book we return that book to library and put it back on the shelf. Our School Library looks very beautiful to us. It contain so many story books. The friends of our Bada Guruma (Joint Director - Vidhya Das) purchase books for the library for our reading. We go through those books. We feel very much thrilled after going through some stories from the book.

ଆମ ସ୍କୁଲ ବସ

ଆମ ସ୍କୁଲର ନାମ ମୁକୁତ୍କାନ କୃଷୀର ଅଗ୍ରଗାମ୍ୟ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ କାଳୀ-
ଶୁର । ଆମ ସ୍କୁଲ ହାତୁଣଡା ଡିଲ୍ଲୀରେ ଥିବାରୁ । ମୁଁ ଅଗ୍ରଗାମ୍ୟ
ସ୍କୁଲ ଚତୁର୍ଥ ଶ୍ରେଣୀରେ ପାଠ ପଢ଼େ । ମୋର ନାମ କୁସୁମୀ ଘୋଷିଆ
ସାମ ହଜିପଦା । ଆମେ ସକାଳୁ ଭୃତୀ ଶାଢ଼ୀରେ ଯାଉଛୁ ଆମ ସାଥୀ
ସଜବାଜା ହୋଇ ଆମ ଗାଁ ଡିକରେ ଆସି ବସକୁ ଯାଏ-ଯା କହୁ
ଆମକୁ ବସ ନଷ ଚାହେ ଆଣି ଯାଏ । ଆମେ ସାନ ବସରେ
ଆସୁ ପୁରୀ ଗାଁର ନାମ କାଳୀପୁର, ସୁରୀଗାଁ, ଶିହିପୁରା, ବଡ଼ମାହିହଳା,
କଳାକାନ୍ଦା, ହଜିପଦା, ପହରା ଶାଳି, କୁମ୍ଭର ଶାଳି, ଧୂସରୀ ସବୁ ଗାଁର
ପିଲାମାନେ ମିଶି ସାନ ବସରେ ଆସୁଛୁ । ଆମ ସ୍କୁଲକୁ ବସ ଦେଇ
ପୁରୀ ଆସିବାର ନାମ ପୁରୁଷୋତ୍ତମ ପଟ୍ଟନାୟକ । ଆମେ ବସରେ ଆସି-
ବା ଦେଲେ ଘୋଟ ଘୋଟ ହୁଏତ ମାନକୁ କୋଳରେ ଚଳୁ । ଆମେ
ବସରେ ଚଢ଼ିବା ଦେଲେ ଘାଠିନରେ ଚଳୁ । ଆମେ ବସରେ କିଛି
ଆଇଡ଼ୁ ନାହିଁ । ଆମ ସ୍କୁଲ ବସର ହଳା ସିଲବିଆ । ଆମକୁ ବସ
ସେଇଆଡ଼ୁ ମୁକ୍ତି ଦା ହୋଇଛି । ଆମ ଗାପା ମାଆ ମାନେ ମାସକୁ ୫୦
ଟଙ୍କା ଓ ବର୍ଷକୁ ୧୦୦୦ଟଙ୍କା ବସଭଡ଼ା ବାସୁଛନ୍ତି । ଆମେ ସବୁ ଦିନ
ବସରେ ଚଢ଼ି ଆସୁଛୁ । ବଡ଼ ବସରେ ଆସୁ ପୁରୀ ଗାଁର ନାମ ଦେହରୀକ
ରୀ, ଗୁରୁଡ଼ ଶିହିପୁରା, କାଳିଆଦେବୀ, ହାତୁଣଡାଗାଁ, କୁମ୍ଭରୀ, ନା-
ହିରୀ ଦୋରୀ, ପରୀପୁର, ଓ କାଳାଳ, ଧୂସରୀ ସବୁ ଗାଁର ପିଲା ମାନେ ମିଶି
ବସ ବସରେ ଆସୁଛନ୍ତି । ଆମେ ସ୍କୁଲରେ ପହଞ୍ଚିଲେ । ଆମ ମାନ
ପିଲା ସଂଖ୍ୟା ଗଣନ୍ତି । ମୋତେ ବସ ଦେଖିବାକୁ ସମ୍ପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ ସୁବନ୍ଧ
ଲାଗେ । ବସରେ ଆସିବା ଦେଲେ ପିଲା ମାନେ ଗାଁରୁ ଦୂରକୁ କ-
ହନ୍ତି । ବସରେ ଗଲେ ଆମ୍ଭ ମଧ୍ୟ ଆସନ୍ତି । ଆମ ଗାପା ମାଆ
ମାନେ ବସ ସେଇଆଡ଼ୁ ବସୁଡ଼ା ସୁସିଦ୍ଧେଲେ । ଆମ ସ୍କୁଲରେ ବ-
ସ ସେଇଆଡ଼ୁ ବସୁଡ଼ା ପିଲା ମାନେ ଆସିଲେ ଆମେ ବସରେ
ପିଲା ଦେଲେ ମଧ୍ୟ ମଧୁ କହି ଯାଉଛୁ ଆମ ଗାଁ ପଡ଼ିବି

Our School Bus

Rupuni Jhodia,

Class - IV, Vill: Kutrujhiri,

The name of our school is Mukta Gyana Kutira, Agramee School, Kashipur. Our school is situated in Rayagada district. I attend Class - IV of Agramee School. I am Rupuni Jhodia of Ratapada village. From the early morning we go to the stream for bath and come back. Thereafter, we get ready and reach the village bus stop and wait there for our school bus to go to Agramee School. The school bus reaches there at 9.00 am. to bring us to our school.

We board in the mini school bus. It brings school children from different nearby villages - Kashipur, Khurigaon, Siriguda, Bada Marivatta, Kalakani, Ratapada, Parajasila, Kumbharsila etc.

The Agramee school children of these villages board the small school bus to reach the school.

Mr. Purnachandra Pattanaik has donated the school bus. The Class - I children sit in our lap on while travelling in the bus. We get into a line to enter the school bus. We won't eat anything on the bus. Our school bus's colour is yellow.

We feel very much relieved going to school by the school bus. Our parents pay a fee of Rs. 50/- per month and yearly Rs. 600/- for the

conveyance of school bus. We regularly reach our school by the school bus. The big school bus brings the school children while coming through Peringini, Gouda-Siriguda, Kaliajodi, Rautaghati, Kutrujhiri, Naringijodi, Patamunda and Katali. Once we reach the school our school teachers count the total no. of students reaching the school by that particular bus. I love my school bus very much. The children shout and become noisy while travelling in the bus. The school children in the bus are accompanied by one of our school teacher.

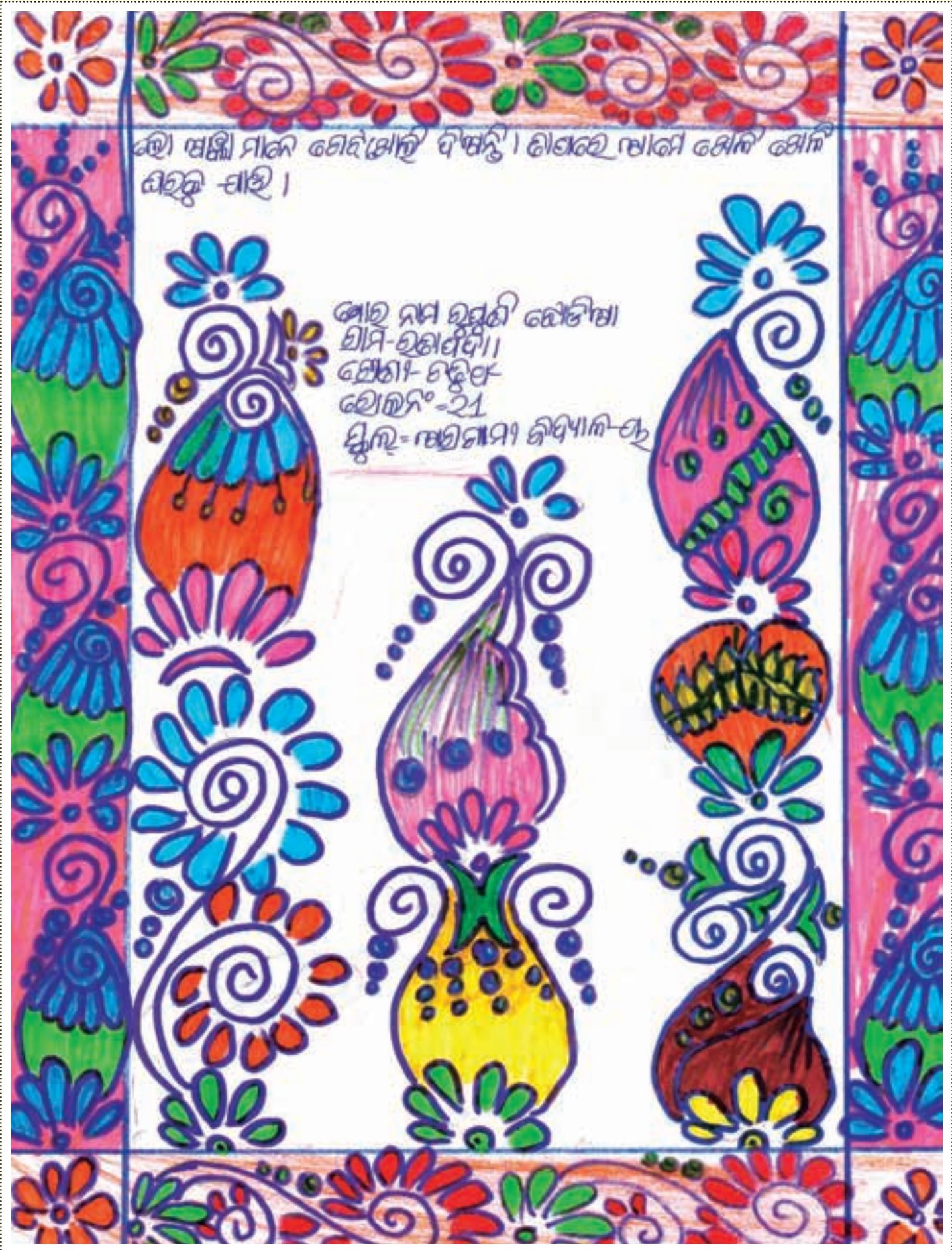
Our parents became very happy for this arrangement of school bus for us. Many

children got enrolled in our school.

We do lot of fun and frolic while travelling in the bus. As

the school bus enters our village





ଘୋଷଣା ମାତ୍ର ଘୋଷଣାକୁ ସଂଗ୍ରହ କରାଯାଇ ନାହିଁ । ତାହାକୁ ଘୋଷଣା ଘୋଷଣା ଘୋଷଣା ଘୋଷଣା ।

ଘୋଷଣା ମାତ୍ର ଘୋଷଣା ଘୋଷଣା
 ଘୋଷଣା-ଘୋଷଣା
 ଘୋଷଣା-21
 ଘୋଷଣା-ଘୋଷଣା ଘୋଷଣା-ଘୋଷଣା



our school teacher would slowly open the gate. Thereafter, we reach our home being playful on the way with our friends.



ଆମ ସ୍କୁଲ ବନିତା ବିଷୟରେ

ଆମ ସ୍କୁଲର ନାମ ମୁକ୍ତିକାନ୍ତ କୁମାର ଉପାଧ୍ୟାୟ ନିବନ୍ଧାଳୟ କାଳୀପୁର
 ମଠ ଉପାଧ୍ୟାୟ ସ୍କୁଲ ଚଢ଼ିଫ ଶେଖାରେ ପାଠପଢ଼େ । ମୋର ନାମ ଚୁକ୍ତି
 ଚୌଡ଼ିଆ । ଶ୍ରୀମ ହରାପଦା । ଆମ ସ୍କୁଲର ସମସ୍ତ ପାଠ୍ୟ ମିଳି ବନିତା
 କରୁଛୁ । ଆମ ସ୍କୁଲ ବନିତାକୁ ସମସ୍ତ ପାଠ୍ୟ ମିଳି ଯାଏ, ପଢ଼ା,
 ପାଠ୍ୟପୁସ୍ତକ ପଢ଼ି ଦେଇ ଫୁଲ ଗଛକୁ ବଢ଼ାଉଛୁ । ଆମ ସ୍କୁଲ ବନିତା
 ଛେ ବନିତା ପ୍ରକାରର ଫୁଲ ଗଛ ଖୁବ୍ ଖୁବ୍ । ସେ ଫୁଲ ଗଛର ନାମ
 ଶୋଭାପା, ଚମର, ମଲ୍ଲୀ, ଶେଢ଼ୁ, ମହାର, ଲିଲି ଇତ୍ୟାଦି ଫୁଲ ଗଛ
 ଖୁବ୍ । ଆମେ ସମସ୍ତ ପାଠ୍ୟ ମିଳି ବନିତାକୁ ଡ୍ରାୟିଂ ଆଣି
 କାହି କାହି ଡ୍ରାୟିଂ କରୁଛୁ । ମୋତେ ବନିତା ଦେଖିବା କୁ
 ବହୁତ ସୁଖ ହୁଏ । କିନ୍ତୁ ଶୁଭୁମା ଫୁଲ ମଞ୍ଜି ଆଣିଦେଲି
 ଦେଇଥିଲେ । ତାହା ଚିକେ କିନ୍ତୁ ଦେଲେ ଆମେ ଆଣି ସ୍କୁ
 ଲ ବନିତାରେ ଲଗାଉଛୁ । ଆମକୁ କାନକା ଶୁଭୁମା ଡୋର
 ଶାଢ଼ୀ ଫୁଲ ଗଛ ଖୁବ୍ ବନିତାରେ ଲଗାଏ କୋଲି କାହି
 ଆମେ ଆମ ଶାଢ଼ୀ ଫୁଲ ଗଛ ଖୁବ୍ ବନିତାରେ ଲଗାଉଛୁ ।
 ଆମ ସ୍କୁଲରେ ଦୁଇଟି ବନିତା ଖୁବ୍ । ଶୋଭାପୁର ବନିତା
 ମଧ୍ୟ ଶାଢ଼ୀ ପଢ଼ିବା ବନିତା ଆମେ କିନ୍ତୁ ଶୁଭୁମା ପଢ଼ିବା ବନି
 ତା କାମ କାହି କାହି ଆମ୍ଭ । ଆମେ ବନିତାରେ ଆସି ପାସ
 ହପାଡ଼ି । ଫୁଲ ଶୁ ମଧୁ ମାଛି ମାଳ ହସ ନେଇ ମଧୁ ଡ୍ରାୟିଂ
 କରୁଛୁ । ଫୁଲରେ ପ୍ରକାଶି ମାନେ ମଧ୍ୟ କରୁଛୁ ନିଆମେ
 ପଣ ଦେଲେ ଫୁଲ ବନିତାରେ ପାଣି ଦେଇ ପାଠ । ଦେଇ
 ସାହିତ୍ୟ ଆମେ କିନ୍ତୁ ଆମ୍ଭରେ ଯାକ ପଢ଼ିପାରେ

School Garden

Rupuni Jhodia,

Class - IV, Vill: Ratapada

Our school name is Mukta Gyana Kutira, Agramee School, Kashipur. I attend 4th Standard of the school. My name is Rupuni Jhodia. Our village name is Ratapada. All the children of our school have made a garden in the school. We all have been tending the garden with cow-dung, dry leaves, ash etc. to provide nutrition for the flower plants. We have planted different varieties of flower plants in our school garden - Rose, foal foot/moon beam (Tagaraphula), White Tulip (Malliphula), Marigold (Genduphula), China Rose (Mandaraphula), Lily etc. We all the children made different types of bed like triangle and rectangular. I love to visit our school garden many times within the school hours. Bada Guruma (Agramee Joint Director - Vidhya Das) had provided us with different varieties of seeds to us for the preparation of a school garden. When the saplings became matured we uprooted it and planted it in the beds we have prepared for the school garden. Kanaka Guruma also asked us to bring other varieties of flower saplings from our village and to grow it in the school

garden. So, we got other varieties of flower saplings from our villages and planted those in our school garden. Basically, we have two school gardens - one is flower garden and the other is vegetable garden. We all the children usually work together in the school garden with Bada Guruma. We clear the weed in the garden. We find the honey-bees, butterflies sitting on the flowers of the school garden. The honey bees collect sweet-juice from the flowers to prepare honey. We water the flower garden at 4.00 pm and after that we go



ପାଣି ଦେଉ । ପାସ କଣିଲେ ସମା କିନ୍ତୁ । ମୋତେ ବନ୍ଦୀତା କାମ
 କହିବାକୁ ଭଲ ଲାଗେ । ଆମେ ସବୁଦିନ ଦୁଇଟି
 ବନ୍ଦୀତା ହେ ପାଣି ଦେଉ । ଆମେ ଲଗାତର ପ୍ରଜା ପାନିପତ୍ରିକାର
 ନାମ ହେଣ୍ଡି, ବିନସ, କାଲିଆ, ମଜା, ହେପାଦି ପକାଇତୁ ପହିକା
 ଲଗାଇଛୁ ।

ନାମ - ତୁଷ୍ଟି ଦେବିଆ
 ଶ୍ରେଣୀ - ଚତୁର୍ଥ
 ଗୋଲ୍ଡନ - 21
 ଟାମ - ଚୂଡ଼ାପଦା
 ସ୍କୁଲ - ଅଗ୍ରତାମ୍ୟ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ



to the vegetable garden to water the vegetable plants beds. We clear the weed when it grows a little older. I love to do garden activities. We water to these two gardens daily. We have planted different vegetables - ladies finger, Beans, Bitter-gourd, Corn, etc.



ଆମ ସ୍କୁଲ ଷ୍ଟେଲି

ମୋର ନାମ ଶ୍ରୀଲତା ମାଝା, ମୁଁ ଚତୁର୍ଥ ଶ୍ରେଣୀରେ
 ଅଗ୍ରଗାମୀ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ କାଶ୍ୟାପୁର ଠାରେ ପାଠପଢ଼େ ।
 ମୁଁ ସାଙ୍ଗ ସାଥୀ ମାନଙ୍କ ସହିତ ମଜା କରୁ ଥାଏ ଓ
 ଷ୍ଟେଲି ଥାଏ । ଷ୍ଟେଲି ଷ୍ଟେଲିବା ହେଉଛି ଆମପାଇଁ
 ହିଲୁ ବ୍ୟାୟାମ ଅଟେ । ମୋତେ ଷ୍ଟେଲି ଷ୍ଟେଲିବାକୁ
 ବିହତ ହିଲୁ ଲାଗେ । ଧର୍ମପତ୍ର ଆମେ ସାଙ୍ଗ ସାଥୀ
 ମାନଙ୍କ ସହିତ ମିଶି ଉଠେ, ତୁମେ ମୁଁ ସମୟରେ
 ବିଭିନ୍ନ ପ୍ରକାରର ଷ୍ଟେଲି ଷ୍ଟେଲି ଥାଏ । ସେହି ଷ୍ଟେଲି
 ଶୁଦ୍ଧିକର ନାମ ହେଲା- କବାଡି, ବୋହୁ ଚୋହି, ବାଞ୍ଛୁଣୀ
 ହିଙ୍ଗ, କିରକିର, ବାଡି, ହୁ କି ତା ଷ୍ଟେଲି ଉତ୍ପାଦି ।
 ଧର୍ମ ଷ୍ଟେଲି ମଧ୍ୟରୁ ମୋତେ କବାଡି ଷ୍ଟେଲି ଷ୍ଟେଲିବା
 କି ବିହତ ହିଲୁ ଲାଗେ । ଧର୍ମ କବାଡି ଷ୍ଟେଲି ତେ
 ହୁଅ ଚିମ ହୋଇ ଷ୍ଟେଲି ଥାନ୍ତି । କବାଡି ଷ୍ଟେଲି
 ଷ୍ଟେଲିବା ପାଇଁ ଗୋଟିଏ ଚିମରେ 12 କଜ ଲେଖାଏଁ
 ବାନ୍ତି ଥାଏ । ହୁଅ ଚିମରେ ମୋଟ 24 କଜ ହୁଅନ୍ତି ।
 କବାଡି ଷ୍ଟେଲିବା ପାଇଁ ଆମେ ପ୍ରଥମେ ଟାପକାଉ
 ଥାଏ । ତାପରେ ଆମର ଟାପ ସୁଗିଲା ସେମାନେ
 କବାଡି ନେଇ ଥାନ୍ତି । ଅନ୍ୟ ଚିମର ଷ୍ଟେଲିଲି
 ଯଦି ଆମ ଚିମର ଷ୍ଟେଲିଲି ମାନେ ଧର୍ମ ଦେଲେ
 ସେମାନେ ମଧ୍ୟ ଯିବେ । ସେହିପରି ଆମ ଚିମର
 କାତେ ଯାଇ ସେଇ ଚିମର ଷ୍ଟେଲିଲି ମାନଙ୍କ ସହି
 ହୋଇଲେ ଆମର ଆମେ ବିହତ ସୁଖ ହୋଇ ।
 ଧର୍ମ ଆମ ସ୍କୁଲରେ ଆମ ଦିନି ଆଉଁ ।

Our School Sports

Srilata Majhi,

Class - IV, Vill: Kutrujhiri

I am Srilata Jhodia studying in Class - IV of Mukta Gyana Kutira, Agramee School, Kashipur. I play with my friends and we do lot of fun among ourselves. We love these fun and frolic activities among ourselves very much and it's also healthy for us. I love very much to play with my friends at the school. This is how we spend the recess period of one hour in playing different games among ourselves. We play Kabadi, BohuChori, Basket Ring, Kit Kit, Stick, Tu Kita etc. I love among others Kabbadi the most. There are two teams in this game and there are 12 players in each side with a total of 24 players from two teams. In order to start the game we make a 'toss' with a coin between the two sides. The

winning side starts the game to the other side. If we catch the player of the other side chasing us then she would get out of the game and we get an winning point against them. Likewise, one player from our group will chase the other group and if he comes back defeating one or two of them then we became very happy. Even our school teachers also



ଶୁଭ୍ରାପ୍ୟାମାନଙ୍କ ସହିତ କବିତା ଯେନି ଥାଉ । ଶ୍ୟା
 ସତ୍ତ୍ୱା ପରେ ପ୍ୟାମେ ନିଜ ନିଜ ଶ୍ରେଣୀ କୋଠରୀ
 ଠିକ୍ ସ୍ଥଳରେ ଯାଉ ।

ନାମ ଶ୍ରୀମତୀ ମାଧୁସୂଦନ
 ଶ୍ରେଣୀ ଚତୁର୍ଥ
 ଗ୍ରାମ କୁର୍ତ୍ତୁରୀ
 ସ୍କୁଲ ପ୍ୟାମେ ନିଜ ନିଜ କୋଠରୀ



Participate with us in this game. We return to our classroom greatly enjoying the play, fun and merry-making in the one hour after the one-hour 'recess' play time is over.



ଗୋପା ଉଷନାୟକୀଙ୍କ ସ୍ମୃତି ଶ୍ରଦ୍ଧା

ଅପ୍ରେଲ - ୧ - ୨୦ ୨୦ ଶନିବାର ଦିନ ଆସିଥିଲେ ।
ଗୋପା ଉଷନାୟକୀ ଦିବି ଓ ପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ ଚନ୍ଦ୍ର ଆଖି । ସକାଳୁ
ଆସି ପ୍ରାର୍ଥନା କରି ପାଠ କ୍ଷୁଦ୍ର ସ୍ମୃତିରେ ବସିଲେ । ପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ
ଚନ୍ଦ୍ର ଆଖି ଓ ଗୋପା ଉଷନାୟକୀ ଦିବିଙ୍କ ସହିତ ବହୁ
ଆଖି ମଧ୍ୟ ଆସିଥିଲେ । ଆଜେ ଉକ୍ତ ଘେରୁ
ମନସ୍କାନ୍ତ କରିଲେ । ଗୋପା ଉଷନାୟକୀ ଦିବି କହିଲେ ।
ଧର୍ମ କେତେ ଶ୍ରେଣୀ ? କିମି କି ସ୍ମୃତି ମାଆ କହିଲେ
ପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ ଶ୍ରେଣୀ । ଆଖି କହିଲେ କ୍ଷୁଦ୍ର ବସୁଧ କେତେ ?
ବାଦିନୀ କହିଲେ ମୋର ବସୁଧ ଧରାତ ଦେଖ । ଆଖି
କହିଲେ ଧରାତେ ଧରାତେ ଦେଖ ଶିଳା ଯାଠି ଉପରେ
ସ୍ମୃତି ମାଆ ହିଁ କହିଲେ । ଆଜକୁ ପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ ଚନ୍ଦ୍ର ଆଖି
କହିଲେ କ୍ଷୁଦ୍ର ନାମ କ'ଣ ? ଶ୍ରୀ ଘୋଷା କହିଲେ ମୋହନ
ଶ୍ରୀ ଘୋଷା । ଆଜି ପରସ୍ତ କ୍ଷୁଦ୍ର ଉପାଦାନେ ନାମଟି ଶ୍ରୀ
କ୍ଷୁଦ୍ର । ଆଜେ ନାମଟି ଶ୍ରୀ କହିଲେ । ଆଜକୁ ପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ
ଆଖି କହିଲେ କ୍ଷୁଦ୍ର ବାଦିନୀ କେତେ କେତେ ଯାଠି

Gopa Patnaik visits our School

Hemalata Kumbhar,
Class - V, Vill: Kumbharsila.

On dated 4th January 2020 Gopa Patnaik and Purnachandra Sir had been to our school for a visit. In the morning we were in the classroom after the prayer class. Agragamee Director Sir had also been to our school along with Purnachandra Sir and Gopa Patnaik. We welcomed them after seeing them at our school. Gopa Patnaik Sister asked which class that was. Kanaka Madam replied that that



was Class - V. The she asked how old we were. Chandini replied that she was 11 years old. He then asked, "Do 11 students study in this class"? Kanaka Madam (Guruma) affirmed, "Yes". Purnachandra Sir ask to a student what her name was? She said her name was Sridevi. Theafter, he wanted to know the name and village of each student. Everybody told their name and village respectively. He asked us which subjects was most interesting to us.

We told that we find among others the Environment Studies, Math, Odia Literature, English very much exciting. He then asked us what we have learnt from the English textbook. We said yes we know many things. He further inquired whether we do fun among ourselves while returning home in school bus. We said yes. He asked whether we know his daughter's name. We said yes. He asked us what her name was. We replied, "Salonee Sister". Salonee Sister had taught us Odishi dance. We enjoyed it very much, we said.

Purnachandra Sir and Gopa Patnaik Madam went to the Training Hall after the lunch.

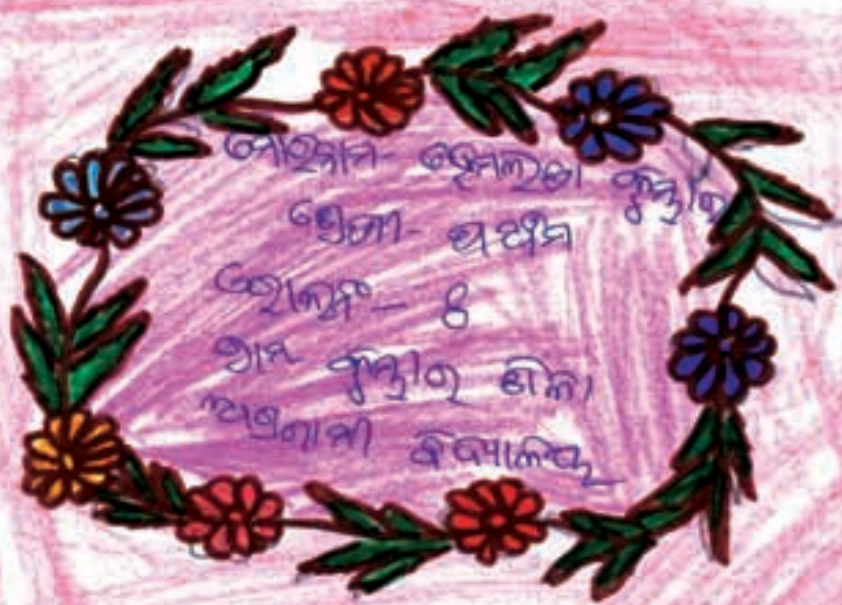


At that time the parents meeting was going on in the Training Hall. We went to the Meeting Hall after our lunch. We performed our song and dance and one-act play of the Annual Function programmes before Purnachandra Sir, Gopa Patnaik and our parents. Both Purnachandra Sir, Gopa Patnaik became very much delighted seeing our programmes. Purnachandra Sir regretted that he couldn't attend our Annual Function as they couldn't get the flight ticket to India. He told he would have been extremely delighted if he could have been present on the Annual Function Day. You would have been looking wonderful wearing your new dresses



for the song, dance and play programmes on that day, said Gopa Didi. We said that we had very nice make up with lipstick, powder and other cosmetic items and performed our programmes. Then you would have been

ସ୍ତୁତିର ଦେଖା ଯାଏ ଧୂଳି ବୋଲି କହିଲେ ।
 ଗୋପା ଦିବି କହିଲେ । ଯାହା ଫଳରେ ଏହି ଗୁଣ୍ଡମା
 ଯୁକ୍ତ ଶୋଷ ମାଟିର ଦେଖ ବୋଲି କହିଲେ । ହୋଇ
 ଯାହା ଦେଖ ଦେଖ କହିଲେ । ଯାହା ଦେଖେ
 ନିଶ୍ଚୟ ସହିଲେ । ଯାହା ଯାହା ଯାହା ଯାହା
 ମାଟିର ଦିଶୁଅଛି । ଯାହା ଯାହା ଯାହା ଯାହା
 ଯାହା ଯାହା ଯାହା ଯାହା



looking very cute and beautiful in those dresses. We all requested her to go through those programme photos of the Annual Functon. She assured us that she would do so after the parents meeting is over. The programme with Gopa Didi and Purna Sir also came to an end and we all returned home in the school bus being contended and excited.



ଡ଼଼ ଲକ୍ଷ୍ମି କୁମାର ମହିପାତ୍ର

ଅନୁପତା ॥ 10/2020 ରିଏ ଛୁଟି ନାହିଁ ମିନି ଡ଼଼ ଲକ୍ଷ୍ମି
କୁମାର ମହିପାତ୍ର କର୍ମାନ୍ତ ଦେବାକୁ ଆମ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟକୁ
ଆସିଥିଲେ । ଡ଼଼ ଲକ୍ଷ୍ମି କୁମାର ମହିପାତ୍ର ଆମ ମାନଙ୍କୁ
ପଢ଼ିବାକୁ ଦେବାକୁ କହି ଥିଲେ । ଆମେ ସମସ୍ତେ ଆମ
ପଢ଼ିବାକୁ କହି ଥିଲୁ । ତାପରେ ଜଣ ଛୋଟା କି ଆସି
କେହି ବିଜୟରେ ପାଠ ପଢ଼ିଛି ବୋଲି ପଚାରିଲେ ?
ମିନି, ମିନି କହିଲେ ସାହିତ୍ୟ ବିହିର ଜାଣି ହେଉଥିଲା ।
ଜାଣୁଛି ବିଜୟରେ ପଢ଼ୁଛି । ସାହି ତା ମିନି କି ବିହିର
ବାକୁ କହିଲେ ବିହି ପଢ଼ି ସାହିରାକୁ ଆମ ଛୋଟା
ସମସ୍ତେ ପିଲା ତାରି ମାରିଲୁ । ସୁଦ୍ଧା ପୃଥକ ମାନଚିତ୍ର
ଧରି ଛୋଟା କି ଆସି ବାହୁ ସାହି କହିଲେ ତୁମେ ସବୁ ପିଲା
ମାନେ ଲକ୍ଷ୍ମି କର୍ମାନ୍ତ ଦେବା ଦେଖାଏ ବୋଲି କହିଲେ । ଆମେ
ମାନେ ଆଉ କର୍ମାନ୍ତ ଦେବା ଦେଖାଏ । ସାହି ଆମକୁ
କହିଲେ ଯେ, ମୋ ପୁଅ, ବି. ଏ. ଏ. ନାମ ହିଁ
ହୁଏ ଡ଼଼ କୁମାର ମହିପାତ୍ର ତ ତୁମା ମହିପାତ୍ର
ଏମାନେ ତ ମନ ଦେବାରେ କାମ କରୁଛି । ସାହି ତାଙ୍କୁ
କି ମନେ ପଡ଼ିଲା କିମ୍ପାରେ । ସାହି ଆମ କୁ ସବୁ

Dr. Ajaya Mahapatra

Mamali Kumbhar,
Class - V, Vill: Kumbharsila.

On 11th October 2020, Dr. Ajaya Mahapatra from Germany visited our school. Dr. Ajaya Mahapatra asked us to introduce ourselves each before him. We each introduced ourselves respectively. Then he visited the 5th Class and asked what was being taught. We are reading an Odia topic 'Kalvaria Is Weeping', said Binodini. Sir asked Chandini

to read the book. We all clapped when she finished reading the topic. Guruma entered the classroom with a map in her hand. Then Ajaya Sir asked us to identify Germany in the map. We show him the Germany in the map. Sir told us his son's name was Ranjit and wife's name was Rena. They work in China. He thanked Chandini. Thereafter, Ajaya Sir



ଘାସି ଚୂନାୟ ଛୋଟାହି ଗଲେ ସୁନି ଚୂନାୟ ଛୋଟା
 କୁ ଲାଭ ବଢ଼ିଥାଏ ଛୋଟାହି ଲାଭ ଥରେ । ଗଲେ ଦୁଇୟାୟ
 ଚିତ୍ରାଧର ଛୋଟା ହେ ଗଲେ । ଏହି ଦିନ ଲାଜ ହୁଅ
 ହେ ନାଆ, ବାପା ହୁଅଛୁଟ ଥରେ । ଘେରୁ ଛୋଟା
 ଦୁଇ ଜଣେ ନାଆ, ବାପା ହୁଅଛୁଟ ଥରେ । ଘେରୁ ଛୋଟା
 ନାନିକି ଗାଠ ପଦା ବିଜୟାୟ ଜଣି କି । ଲାଜଗାଠ
 ନାଆ, ବାପା ନାନି ନାଏ ହୁଅଛୁଟ ଥରେ । ଜନକ
 ଗୁରୁଣା ଜଣିଲେ ଆପଣ ନାନି ଲଦି ଲାଜକୁଶାଳିନୀ
 ଜଣିଲେ ଗାଠ । ହେଲେ ହୁଅ ଜଣୁତ ଘେରୁ ହେ ।
 କାହି ହୁଅବନ ଦେଉ ଥରେ । ଲାଜେ ନାଆ ହୁଅ କୁଅ
 ଗାଠିଲେ ନାନିଲୁ । ତା ପଠୁ ଦୁଇ ଥାଉ ହୁଅନୀର
 ନାଟକ ଦେଖା ହେଲୁ । ଛୋଟାୟ ବଡ଼ ଲାଜି । ହୁଅ ନାଆ
 ଗାଆନ କୁ ଧନପନାଦି ଜଣିଲେ । ତାପରେ ଲାଜ ହୁଅ
 ହୁଅ ହେ ।

ଲାଭ ନାନ = ଗାଆନି ହୁଅ
 ଛୋଟା = ପାଠି
 ଗାଆନ = ହୁଅ ହେ
 ହେଲେ = ବ
 ହୁଅ = ଲାଜଗାଠୀ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ

went to Class - III and after interacting there with the students came to Class - IV. Later, he interacted with students of Class - I & Class - II. Our parents were also present on this day. Two parents from Peringini village talked about the learning of their children who were attending the Agramee school. The parents from our village were also present there. Kanaka Guruma told the parents that if they contributed something for the school expenses

of their children then there would be more development could be achieved in future.

We danced in the tune of Sambalpuri song, 'Ma Samalai...'. Then we performed the play of 'Two Brothers and A Sister'. Finally, Bada

Angya (Agramee Director) gave vote of thanks to all of us and our parents. Thereafter, our school ended and we returned home.



Chingudijodi Horticulture Farm Visit

Priyanka Majhi,
Class - V, Vill: Kuturujhiri

On dated 18th January 2020 Guruma (Headmistress) and Lima Sir finalized a plan to make a visit to the Chingudi Jhar Horticulture Farm and talked to the officials of the ChingudiJhar Horticulture Farm of the permission for a school children's visit. When he agreed to our visit, we were asked to get ready at the school gate. The Farm is situated some 13-14 kilometers away from our school. We the students from Class - III, IV & V went to the visit accompanied by our school teachers. We stood in a queue. Guruma counted the student's strength. We went in the school bus and we arrived at the ChingudiJhar Horticulture Farm. We entered into the Horticulture Farm in a queue. Our school Sir took a snap of us at the entrance of the Farm. Thereafter, we were taken to a tree. The plant was called 'Palm Oil Tree'. Its seed is black. The palm oil is processed from the seeds. This plant is not native to our region, we were told.

Next, we were taken to know about another plant. It is called 'Tejapatra' (Bay Leaf). The leaves of this plant is used in various food items like curry, Dal, Khiri etc. for its aromatic medicinal quality.

Then, we went to another garden. We found there different variety of fruit plants like mango, lichi and others. We were exposed to different varieties of mango among



ବାହୁଗଣ' ଗଲୁଁ , ଧନର ଗଲୁଁ , ଦଶରୀ ଧାନ ଧାନକୁ
 ଦେଖାକୁଲେ । ପାତେ ଖରା ମାଗରେ ଧାନ ଖାଇ ଖାଲୁକା
 କୁ ଯୋଗାଡ଼ି ଦେଉଛୁ । ସେ ଖଲୁକାକୁ ଚୋରି
 ଜାଗାରେ ମାଟି , ଘଷି ମଟ ଦେଇ ଲୁଗାଉଛନ୍ତି । ଦେବ ଗଛ ଦେଲେ
 ଡାହାଣକୁ ଲେନ୍ଦ୍ରୀ ବାରି ବଡ଼ କଷ୍ଟକ୍ଷି ଧାଉଁଗାଁ ଡେଲାଇ
 ମାନଙ୍କୁ ଲୁଗାକନା ପାଟି ବାନ୍ଧୁଛନ୍ତି । ପାଖ ବଗିଚା ଦେଖନ୍ତୁ ।
 ସେହି ବଗିଚାରେ ଲିଙ୍ଗ ଗଛର ଡାଳକୁ ଚୋରିତ କର୍ତ୍ତା କାଟି
 ସେଇଟି ମାଟି , ଚିତ୍ତଳି ସମ୍ପୃକ୍ତ ପାଖି ମିଶାଇ ଚୋରିତ ପଲ୍ଲୀପି
 ସାହାର୍ଣ୍ୟରେ ବାରି ଲେନ୍ଦ୍ରୀ କଷ୍ଟକ୍ଷି । ଡାହାଣରେ ଗ୍ରୀନ
 ଦ୍ରାକ୍ଷୀ ଥିଲା । ଧାନକୁ ବୁଲୁକା ମାତ୍ର ଲିଙ୍ଗେଇ ଖାଣି ଦିନ ବହୁତ
 ଧନ୍ୟ ଦେଖାଉଥିବାରୁ ତାହା ଗଛ ଚୁକ୍ତିକ ମତ୍ରି ଲିବ ଦେଲି
 ତାହା ଚୁକ୍ତିକୁ ପ୍ରମାଣ ଦେଖିବ ତେ ରଖିଲୁ । ଗହା ଦେଲେ ଗ୍ରୀନ
 ଦ୍ରାକ୍ଷୀ ଅଧିକ ଗହନ ଦେଖାଉ ଗଛ ମତ୍ରି ଦେଖି ଦେଲି
 ଧାନେ ସବୁ ଗଛ ଫଳୁଣା ଲାଭିଦେଇଛୁ । ଗ୍ରୀନ ଦ୍ରାକ୍ଷୀ ତାହା
 ଛୋଟ ଗଛ ପାଟି ଚାପି ଦିନରେ ଅଧିକ ସାହାର୍ଣ୍ୟ ଲାଭେ ।
 ଧାଉଁ ଚୋରିତ ବାସ୍ତା ଲେଟେ ଗଲୁ । ସେହି ବାସ୍ତାରେ ଲିଙ୍ଗ
 ବଗିଚା ଥିଲା । ଲିଙ୍ଗ ଡେଲି ସଂସ୍କୃତୀ ଗଛଲୁଗାଦେଖାଉଥିଲା ।
 ସଂସ୍କୃତୀ ଗଛକୁ ଛାଇ ଡେଲି ଲୁଗାକୁଲେ ବହୁତ ଲାଭକୁଡ଼ି ।
 ଡାହାଣ ବଗିଚା ଲେଟେ ଗଲୁ । ସେହି ବଗିଚାରେ ଥିବା
 ଗଛ ମାନଙ୍କର ନାନ ଦେଖା ଚୋଲାମିନାମ , କ୍ରଷ୍ଣଚୁ-
 ଚନ୍ଦନ ଲାଞ୍ଜନ । ଦୁହାଣ ଗଛକୁ ବ୍ୟାପ୍ୟ ଦୁଡ଼ି । ଡେଲି
 ଛୋଟ ଚିଲା ରାତିରେ କାନ୍ଧୁ ଥିଲେ ଦେ ଦୁହାଣା ଚୋରକୁ
 ଛୋଟ ଚିଲା କୁରୁରେ ଚୋରକୁ ଚୋରକୁ ଲାଭକୁଲେ

others included 'Akhurasa' (Sugarcane Juice), Baiganpalli, Ambrapalli, Dasari etc. We generally eat mango in the summer and throw away its seed. The farm authorities collect these mango seeds and put in to the pits prepared with organic inputs like soil, compost and cow-dung and then watering it regularly for the sprout to come out and the plant to grow properly. When the plant is a little older then they would go for the 'grafting' of these mango plants. When these grafted mango plants grow older they distribute these to farmers in different villages.

We went to another garden of the farm where they have been grafting the lichi plants. They do it cutting the stem by one inch and put there soil, siuli and water covered that part with polyethylene. There was a 'Green House' in its vicinity. Huika Sir told us that they keep the tender plants in the Green House to protect them from dying in the winter season with severe cold condition here. They put those plants in the open during the summer season to allow cooling in open. The Green House acts



as a protective cover for the tender plants in the cold season here.

We went through a route to another area of the Horticulture Farm. The road-side was a lichi orchard. There were pineapple plants under the Lichi trees. The pineapple bears more fruit if planted under the shadow area of a tree.



Then we went to the nearby orchard. There were different types of plants like wax apple, Karpur-chandan etc. in the orchard. There was the Brusunga (Curry Leaves) plant which is used as a medicine. If a child cries during the night and if you drop the beaten leaves part on his body

ଜାଲିନା ବେଳ ସୁଦ୍ଧା ଜାଣୁ, ସାଷ୍ଟାନ୍ ଓଦଂ ବିଲିନୁ ପ୍ରକାଶୁ
 ଚକ୍ର ଦେଖାଉଲେ । କୃଷକ ଚକ୍ର ମସିଲୁ କେଲୁ କେନ୍ଦ୍ରାଲୀଠେ
 ଦ୍ରାସପତିରଂପଲକୁ ଖାଉଲେ ବିଜୁଳି ପଢ଼ିଲାଣେ । ବାଲୁ-
 ଚିନି ଚକ୍ରରଂପ୍ର ସମଲୁଣେ ମିଶାଲୁଧାନ୍ତୁ । ସେହିଦୀର୍ଘରେ
 ଚକ୍ରଧରା ପାଞ୍ଜିଠେ ସଦିଃ ଚୋଚିତ ଦୋର୍ଷ ଉଠେଲୁ ।
 ସେହି ପାଞ୍ଜିରଂ ନାନ ଦେଲୁ ଚାଲେଷ ଦୁଇଜା । ସେହି
 ଦୀର୍ଘକୁ ଚଳାଉଥରା ବଦ ପାଞ୍ଜିଠେ ନାନ ଦେଲୁ ବିଦଜେନା
 ଚିଲୁକି ଝୋର ଦୀର୍ଘକୁ ବିଦାଲୁ କେଲୁ ବସଣେ ଘେରିଲୁ ।
 ଚିଲୁକି ଝୋର ଦୀର୍ଘକୁ ଦୁଲିକାକୁ ଧାନକୁ ବଦୁଃ ଖୁସି
 ଲାଗିଲା । ସେଇଠି ଧାଉ ଉଦୁଃ ଚକ୍ରଲୁଣା ବିଦାଲୁଣେ
 ଦାଜିପାରିଲୁଃ ନିଆ ନିଆ ଚକ୍ର ଦେଖୁପାରିଲୁ ।

ନମ - ପ୍ରଭାତୀ ନାଥୀ
 ଚଣ୍ଡୀ - ଉପମି
 ଉଲାନଂ - 24

ସ୍ତୁତି - ପୁଣ୍ୟ ଜୀନ ଉଠେଲୁ ପ୍ରଜନନୀ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ
 କାଶ୍ୟାପୁର



the child stops crying. We saw Cashew, Tik and other varieties of trees. The seed of Kusum tree is used for extracting oil. Pear fruit is very much tastes like Guava. Cinnamon is used as a spice input in the curry.

We pose for a photo session with the official

staff of the Horticulture Farm. His name is Rajesh Huika. The managing official of the Horticulture Farm is Pida Jena. Finally we bid farewell to ChingudiJhar Horticulture Farm of Kashipur block, Rayagada district. We enjoyed the exposure visit to ChingudiJhar Horticulture Farm very much. We know a lot about different plants and could see many new plants there.





ବିଗିଳ ଉପର

ଧନ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟରୁ ନାନା ଖୁବ୍‌ଖୁସି କୁଟୀର ଅଭିବାଦନ
 ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ କାରିଗ୍ରହ ଧାନ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟରୁ ଉପସ୍ଥାପନ ବିନ୍ଦୁ
 କାରିଗ୍ରହରୁ ବୁଦ୍ଧି ଅନ୍ତର୍ଗତ କୁଟୀରୀକା ପ୍ରାୟତଃ ଅବସ୍ଥିତି
 ଶୋର ନାନା - ଚାହିଦା ନାଜ କି ଶ୍ରୀ ଶ୍ରୀ ଶ୍ରୀ
 ଦାଂସକେ । ଯୁଁ ପ୍ରତିଦିନ ଖୁବ୍‌ଖୁସି ଦିନା ଗାଠା
 ଭଲ ଲାଗିଥାଏ । ଆଜ୍ଞା ପ୍ରଥମେ ଖୁବ୍‌ଖୁସି ଅଧିକାରୀ ଖୁବ୍‌ଖୁସି
 ଅଧିକାରୀ ପରେ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟରୁ ଖୁବ୍‌ଖୁସି ପରେ ପରେ ଖୁବ୍‌ଖୁସି
 ହିତୁ କିନ୍ତୁ ଲାପରେ ପାର୍ଥକ୍ୟ କରନ୍ତୁ ଯା ୧୩/୧୩
 ବିଷୟରେ ନରେନ୍ଦ୍ର ବିହାରୀ ଆଜ୍ଞା ତ ତାଙ୍କ ସମ୍ପତ୍ତି
 ଅଶୋକ ଖୁବ୍‌ଖୁସି ଅଧିକାରୀ ତାଙ୍କ ସ୍ତମ୍ଭ ଆଜ୍ଞା
 ସମସ୍ତେ ଭବ୍ୟ ହୋଇଛନ୍ତି ବସନ୍ତ । ଅଶୋକ
 ଆଜ୍ଞା ଆମକୁ ଶୋଭିତ ଆଜ୍ଞା ବିଶାଳକଳ୍ୟ
 ଆଜ୍ଞା ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟର ଶକ୍ତିର ତାଳା ଲାପରେ
 ପ୍ରଥମ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ କୁଟୀରୀକା ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟରୁ ଅଶୋକ
 ଆଜ୍ଞାଙ୍କ ସ୍ତମ୍ଭ ଶୋଭିତକୁ ବଳେ ଆଜ୍ଞା ଖୁବ୍‌ଖୁସି
 ତ ବସନ୍ତ ଶୋଭା ନିଶି ୫ଟା ଦଳ କରୁ ।
 ଶୋଭା ଦଳରେ ୧୦ ଜଣ କଳାକାର ମିଶି ଥାନ୍ତୁ ।
 ୫ଟା ଦଳ ସଦ୍ୟରେ ୨ଟା ନାଟକ ତ ୨ଟା ଦଳର
 ଦିଲ୍ଲୀ ଶକ୍ତି "ଗଳି ଭବ୍ୟରେ ତାମରା କାରି- ଶେ
 ମିଶି ଥାନ୍ତେ ଶୋଭା ନାଟକର ନାନା ଦ୍ଵାରା ମିଶି
 ତ ଶୋଭା, ଅନାଟିର ନାନା "ଖୁବ୍‌ଖୁସି ଶୋଭା ଶୋଭା



ଆମ ଦଳର ସମସ୍ତ ଯାତ୍ରା ନିଶି ନକେଇ, ଆଜ୍ଞାକୁ
 ଆମ କାଳର ଗପ କହିଲୁ । ତା'ର ଆଜ୍ଞା ଆଜ୍ଞା
 ନକେଇ, ଆଜ୍ଞା ଯେମାନେ କେଳାକୁ ଆଜ୍ଞା ନିଜେ ନିଜେ
 କିମ୍ପାକୁ ଡାଏଲେ "ଭାଲ ବାହୁଡ଼ା" ଗପକୁ
 ୨ NO ଦଳର ବିଲ୍ୟାମାନେ ନକେଇ, ଆଜ୍ଞା କୁ
 କହି କେଳାକୁ ନକେଇ, ଆଜ୍ଞା ତା'ର ଆଜ୍ଞା
 କେଳାକୁ କେଳା । କେଳାକୁ ମଧ୍ୟ ଥରେ କେଳାକୁ
 କେଳାକୁ କେଳାକୁ ମଧ୍ୟ ନିଜେ ନିଜେ କେଳା ।
 ଏବେ ୩ NO ଦଳକୁ " ଗଳାଦେଇ କାମରା କାକୁ
 ଗାଳରେ ମାଟି କେଳାକେଳା । କେଳାକୁ ପାରିଲୁ,
 କେଳାକୁ ଆଜ୍ଞା ସମସ୍ତେ କାଳକଳି ଗଳୁ । ଗାଳ
 ଆସି ଆଜ୍ଞା ନିଜେ ନିଜେ ଅଭ୍ୟାସ କରୁଥିଲୁ
 ନକେଇ, ଆଜ୍ଞା କାଳ ଆସି କେଳାଧାନ୍ତି । କିଲି
 ମାଳେ କା ଡା କରୁକିଲୁ ? ନକେଇ, ଆଜ୍ଞା ମନେ
 ମନେ କେଳାଧାନ୍ତି । ନକେଇ, ଆଜ୍ଞାକୁ କେଳା କେଳା
 କୁ ମଧ୍ୟ ମାଳେ ମାଳେ କେଳା କେଳା । କେଳାକୁ
 କେଳାକୁ କେଳା କେଳା । ଆଜ୍ଞା ୨୫/ 11/ ୨୦୧୯
 ଗଳା ଦିନ ଆମ ସ୍କୁଲକୁ ପଞ୍ଚମ ଆଜ୍ଞା ତ
 ତାଙ୍କୁ ସୁଖ ନିକେଳା ଆଜ୍ଞା ଆସିଥିଲେ ।

We narrated our group's story to Narendra Sir. He taught us how to perform the role each have been given, and thereafter we learnt it by ourselves on how to act sequentially in the play. Similarly, he also taught the Group No - 2 to how to perform their roles when we told him the story of the play "The Two Brothers and A Sister".

Now, he taught the Group No - 3 the song scene of "Chala Upare Damara Kau" (The Black Crow on the roof). Afterwards, we went to launch after he finished teaching



us how to perform our roles in the play to different Groups. We continued to practice our roles by ourselves in the post-launch session. Narendra Sir was watching us how we had been acting in the practice session. Often he had been laughing quietly looking at our effort to become excellent actors. I also laughed quietly joyfully seeing all this before me. I felt very much contented on that day. On dated 25th November 2019 Dharani Sir and Niranjana Sir had been to our school.

Dharani Sir first of all taught us how to sing the "Welcome Song". We practiced the song "Aa Prajapati Aa Aa" (Come Butterfly Come, Come) after completing the Welcome Song.

On dated 26th November 2019 we came to school collecting our respective dresses stayed the Office Campus. We kept our dresses there in the hostel rooms and went to practice the songs.

The children of Class - I & II practiced the "Aa Prajapati Aa Aa" (Come Butterfly Come, Come) song and dance. The children of Class - III took part in " Sare Jahan Se Achha" song and dance. And, a total of 7 children had joined in the Sambalpuri song and dance. Two teachers Mr. Durga Prasad Panda and the Odishi Master Mr. Rudra Prasad Swain, from Bhubaneswar, had been to here to teach us how to perform the Sambalpuri song and dance.

The following students among others took part in different role respectively - Mamuni - Lakemati, Cherengu - Chandini, Sunadhar - Haripriya, Champa - Phulanti, Sutradhara - Lipi & Sridevi, Parents - Chandini, School Children - Muskan, Adyasha, Minakshi, Banita, Jyoti, Hemalata, Rajani, Ratnabati, Swagatika, Chumki, sabita, Sukeshi, Villagers - Indu, Sumitra, Bhanumati, Sunadhar, Mamuni,

Landlord - Puspanjali, Headmaster - Lipi. These children had took part in all the plays.



ଡା- ୨/୨/୨୦୧୭ ରିପୋର୍ଟରେ ଆମ ସ୍କୁଲରେ ବର୍ଗିକ
 କର୍ମକ୍ରମ ହୋଇଥିଲା । ବର୍ଗିକ କର୍ମକ୍ରମ ପିନ ଆମେ ଯୋଗ୍ୟ
 ଆମେ ସ୍କୁଲକୁ ଯାଆ । ଲକ୍ଷ୍ମୀବିହାର ସ୍କୁଲରୁ ଆମକୁ
 ସମସ୍ତଙ୍କୁ ଶାନ୍ତା ଦେଖାଇଲେ । ଗ୍ରହପିଣ୍ଡି ଆମକୁ
 ନେଇଯାଇଥିଲା । ଆମ ସ୍କୁଲକୁ ସୁଖ୍ୟ ଅଭିପ୍ରାୟ
 ଶାନ୍ତରେ ସିଦ୍ଧିବାଳା ଜ୍ୟୋତ୍ସ୍ନା, ଜ. ନରୋୟି ମିଶ୍ର,
 ଡ. ରଞ୍ଜିତ ସାହୁ, ଆମ ସ୍କୁଲର ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦେଶକ ହାସ୍ତିକ
 ଅଭିପ୍ରାୟ ଦାମ, ସିଦ୍ଧିବିହାର ଯୋଗ୍ୟିନୀ ଦାମ, କିନ୍ତୁ କିଛି
 ଗୋପନୀୟ କରିଛନ୍ତି । ସିଦ୍ଧିବିହାର ଅଭିପ୍ରାୟ କୁଳ ନାମ
 ସୁଧାକରୀ, ନରୋୟି ମିଶ୍ର । ଯୋଗ୍ୟ ଆମ ସ୍କୁଲକୁ
 ସୁଖ୍ୟ ଅଭିପ୍ରାୟ କରିଥିଲେ । ତା'ପରେ
 ସମସ୍ତଙ୍କୁ ଶାନ୍ତ ଦେଖାଇଲେ । ଆମେ ଆସିଥିଲେ
 ସୁଧାକରୀ ସଂଗଠନ ଗୀତ ଗାଉଥିବା ସୁଧାକରୀ, ସୁ (ବିଧିକା)
 ବିକାଶକ୍ରମ ଲକ୍ଷ୍ମୀବିହାର । ବର୍ଗିକ କର୍ମକ୍ରମ କରିଥିବା
 ଆମ ବିକାଶକ୍ରମ ହାତୀ ମାନଙ୍କ ଦ୍ଵାରା ପ୍ରକାଶ
 ପାଉଥିବା ବର୍ଗିକ କର୍ମକ୍ରମ ସୁଧାକରୀ ଆମୁଆଲି ବିକାଶ
 ବିକାଶକ୍ରମ ୨୦୧୭-୨୦୧୮ ହିଁ ହିଁକ୍ସ ବିକାଶ
 କାହିଁ ପ୍ରକାଶକ୍ରମ କଲେ ତା'ପରେ ହିଁକ୍ସ ବିକାଶ
 ବିକାଶକ୍ରମ 'ସାଗର ସାଗର ସେ ଆକ୍ରା' ବିକାଶ
 ନାମ କଲେ । ଆମ ସ୍କୁଲକୁ ଅଭିପ୍ରାୟ ସିଦ୍ଧିବାଳା
 ଜ୍ୟୋତ୍ସ୍ନା ହାତୀ ବିକାଶକ୍ରମ ବିକାଶକ୍ରମ ବିକାଶକ୍ରମ
 ଗୀତ ଗାଉ ସାଗର ବିକାଶକ୍ରମ, ବିକାଶକ୍ରମ



We five children sang the Welcome Song. Sujata, myself (Chandini), Binodini and Kanaka Guruma presented the Annual Report of Mukta Gyana Kutira, Agrgamee School.

Children's newsletter 'The Dongar Katha - 2019-20' (Stories from The Hills - 2019-20) and Student's Annual Report were inaugurated by the chief guests on the stage. Next, the students of class - III performed the 'Sare Jahan Se Achha' song and dance programme. Sindhubala Choudhury performed a song with playing the harmonium. Subsequently the children of Class - I & II

The school Annual Function was organized on dated 2.12.2019. On the day of our School Annual Function first of all we went for bath in morning. Laxmi Didi and Sujata Didi help us put on the Sambalpuri Saree. Rabu Didi helped us in our make-up. The chief guests to our Annual Function among others included Sindhubala Choudhury, Dr. Narendra Mishra, Dr. Ranjit Sahu, Director of Agragamee School Sri Achyut Das, Soudamini Patra, CDPO, Ratnamala Parichha, Zilla Parishad member, Arun Kumar Naik, CRCC, Sumani Jhodia, Nabin Jhodia. Thereafter, all the guests lighted the candle.



ବିଲମ୍ବିତ "ଆ ଲୋକେ ଥା" ବାବଦେ ନାଚ
 କଲେ । ଧର୍ମର ଶ୍ରଦ୍ଧାର ବିଲମ୍ବିତ ଶିଳା ଉପରେ
 ଭାଗ । କାହିଁ ବାବଦେ କୁଣ୍ଡଳ କଲେ । ଯାହା ସୁଖ
 ଓ ବିଦାୟ ନେଇଥିବା ନାନା ଉପସ୍ଥିତି ଓ ପ୍ରକୃତି
 "ସୁଖପାତଳ" ବାବଦେ ନାଚ କଲେ । "ସୁଖ ଉପରେ
 ଓ ଉଦ୍ଧୃତ" ନାମ ନାଚକ କରୁନାହିଁ । ପରେ
 "ସମ୍ଭାଷଣ" ବାବଦେ 10 ଭାଗ ବିଲମ୍ବିତ କୁଣ୍ଡଳ
 ଉପସ୍ଥିତି କଲେ । ଏହା ପରେ "କିଛି ସୁଖିଆର
 ସହ କାହାଣୀ" ନାଚକ ଯାହାକୁ ହାଲିଆ ନାଚକ
 ପ୍ରକୃତି ପରେ ହୁଇଲେଣି ସାଧି ନାଚ
 ବିଲମ୍ବିତ ହାଲିଆ ସୁଖ ପ୍ରସାଦ ପରେ ଉପସ୍ଥିତି
 ନାଚ ନାଚି ନାଚି ବାବଦେ ଉପସ୍ଥିତି ସମାପ୍ତ
 କଲେ । ଯାହାଗାମୀର ଉପସ୍ଥିତି ଥାଲି ଶୋଭ
 କେ ୧୦/୧୦ର ଉପସ୍ଥିତି ହାଲିଆ ସୁଖ ପ୍ରକୃତି,
 ଉପସ୍ଥିତି ଉପସ୍ଥିତି କୁଣ୍ଡଳ ହିସା ମାଲିକ
 ଧର୍ମପାତଳ ଉପସ୍ଥିତି କରୁ ବାବଦେ ଉପସ୍ଥିତି
 କୁ ସମାପ୍ତ କଲେ । ଯାହା ନାଚକ ନାଚକ
 ଓ ଉପସ୍ଥିତି ଉପସ୍ଥିତି

performed the song and dance programme of 'Aa Prajapati Aa'. Then, the children of Class - I & II carried out the song and dance programme of 'Chala Upare Damara Kau' (The Black Crow on the Roof). Two of our older sisters (older students) who have left our school had



acted upon the song and dance programme of 'Swachha Bharat'.

Later, the one-act-play programme of 'Two Brothers and A Sister' was enacted. Afterwards, a total of 10 students presented a Sambalpuri song and dance programme. After this, the play programme of 'Michha Dunianara Sata Kahani' (The True Story of Illusory World) was enacted. Finally, Mr. Durga Prasad Panda who had been from Bhubaneswar concluded the Annual Function programme through his Odishi dance.

In the end Mr. Atul Kumar Nayak, Agramee staff, conveyed thanks giving to esteemed chief guests, dignitaries, children, guardians/parents present at the Annual Function.



Picnic

Binodini Kumbhar,
Class - IV, Vill:Kumbharsila

We organized a meeting at the school on 30th December 2021 with Guruma and all other school teachers. Kanaka Guruma informed us at the meeting that Bada Guruma (Joint Director, Agragamee - Vidhya Das) and Bada Angya (Agragamee Director - Achyut Das) wouldn't be able to attend the school picnic. And, she asked us whether we would go with the school picnic programme or not. We said we would go for the school picnic programme.

We collected a fee of Rs. 50/- from each student from class - I to class - V. Bada Guruma (Joint Director, Agragamee - Vidhya Das) and Bada Angya (Agragamee Director - Achyut Das). Bada Guruma (Joint Director, Agragamee - Vidhya Das) and BadaAngya (Agragamee Director - Achyut Das) gave Rs. 100/- each for the school picnic. Subsequently, Kanaka Guruma along with Lima Sir and Uma Sir set out for marketing for the school picnic programme. We have a beautiful field near our school. We organize the school picnic

in that field. We all helped in all the activities for cooking and make the school picnic a success. Our younger sisters from class I & II were playing happily in the field. Senior students were busy taking their photo snaps.

The School Bolero driver Jalendra bhai went to Kashipur to get the music system and



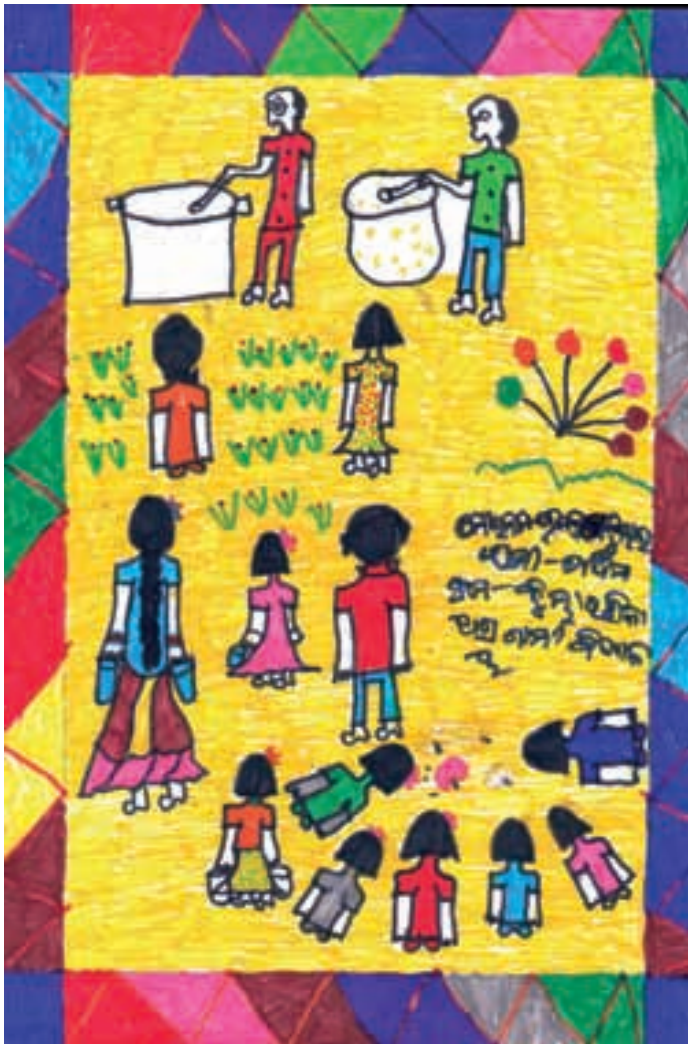
ଠାରେ ସେମାନେ ଡାକିଲେ । ସାମନା ବଢ଼ା ଭୋଦିରେ
 ଶାନ୍ତି, ଆତ୍ମା, ଦାଲି, ପଲି, ତରୁଣାଣୀ, ଶାନ୍ତା ରଖେଇ
 କାନ୍ତୁ । ମାତେ ପଲିରୁ ତରୁଣାଣୀ ଭଲ ନୁହେଁ । ସ୍ତ୍ରୀ
 ଯୋଗେ ହୁଏ ଆତ୍ମା । ଠାପରେ ସମସ୍ତ ହୁଏ ଭେଦ
 କୁ ଯେଉଁକୁ ।

ମୋର ନାମ = ବିକାଶିନୀ କୁମ୍ଭର
 ଶ୍ରେଣୀ = ପଞ୍ଚମ

ଯୋଗ୍ୟତା = ୦୨

ଗ୍ରାମ = କୁମ୍ଭର ଶାଳା

ସ୍କୁଲ = କାଶିପୁର



played it at the field. The music was very much pleasing to us and we danced for some time. We celebrated and enjoyed every moment of the school picnic like anything. It was very very joyful and wonderful. Thereafter

Afterwards, we sat in a circle and all the school teachers served us food. We ate blissfully. After we finished Kanaka Guruma and all the school teachers took their food. There were many delicious items prepared for the picnic like Khiri, Rice, Dal, Paneer, Curry, Tomato



soup. Paneer was most relishing. I took a good amount of it. Thereafter, we all returned home happily in the school bus.

ଗରିବତା ଦିବସ ୨୦୨୦

ମୋର କାମ-ଧନୁଳା ମାଣ୍ଡି । ଶ୍ରୀମତୀ-କୃଷ୍ଣ ଗାମ-କୁମ୍ଭୁସାହି ।
ପାନ ସ୍ତୁର ଶ୍ରୀମତୀ ଶ୍ରୀମତୀ ଶ୍ରୀମତୀ ଶ୍ରୀମତୀ । ପାନ ସ୍ତୁରରେ
ଅନ୍ୟକ ଭର୍ତ୍ତୀ ଗତନ୍ତର ଦିବସ ପାଳନ କରାଯାଏ ।
ଏହି ଗତନ୍ତର ଦିବସକୁ ସାଧା ଭାବରେ ପାଳନ କରାଯାଏ ।
ପାନ ସ୍ତୁରରେ ଯୁଦ୍ଧ ଦିନ ପୁରୁଷ ପାନେ ସ୍ନୋଗାନ ।
ଓ କଳା ଶିକ୍ଷାଧାରୀ ପାନ ସ୍ତୁରରେ ଜାନୁଆରୀ ୨୦
ତାରିଖ ଦିନ ପାନ ସ୍ତୁରକୁ କନିଷ୍ଠାଧିକାରୀ, ମନସି ପଞ୍ଜୀ,
ଅଭିଭାବ ପଞ୍ଜୀ, ଲିମ୍ପ ପଞ୍ଜୀ, ଗାମାଧ୍ୟକ୍ଷକ, ଚାକିରୀ ପଞ୍ଜୀ ।
କାଶୀପୁର ପଞ୍ଜୀ କହିବାକୁ ଯେଉଁଠି । ପାନେ
ସମସ୍ତେ ବସରେ ଗଲୁ । ବିଷୟ ଶୁଣାଉଥିଲୁ । ଶୁଣାଉସାହି
ଅନୁପତିଭାବର ଗତି ଗାଉଥିଲୁ ଓ ସ୍ନୋଗାନ ଯେଉଁ B.D.O
ପଞ୍ଜୀକୁ ଧମକିଲୁ ସାଧୁ ଗତ ଗାଉ ଯେଉଁ ମଧ୍ୟ ସ୍ନୋଗାନ
ଯେଲୁ । ଯେଉଁକାର B.D.O ପଞ୍ଜୀ ଦ୍ଵିତୀୟା ପତନୀ
ଦୁଇଦିନ କଲେ । ଦୁଇଦିନ କହିସାହି ଦାତ୍ୟରୁ ସମସ୍ତ
ଗାଉଥିଲୁ ଓ ସ୍ନୋଗାନ ଯେଲୁ । B.D.O ପଞ୍ଜୀ ଭାଷଣ ଯେଲେ
ସେ ପଞ୍ଜୀ ପାନସମସ୍ତକୁ କମିଲେ ଯେ ଦୁଇମାତ୍ର
ସମସ୍ତେ ସ୍ନୋଗାନ ଗତାତି ଶିକ୍ଷିତ । କେତେ ସ୍ତୁର
ଦିନିକାତେ ସ୍ତୀତି ସ୍ନୋଗାନ, ଚାକିରୀ କମିଗାହିଲେ କମି
କମିଲେ । ଯୁଗ ସ୍ତୁରରେ ଭାଷଣେ ପାଠକା ଲାଏ ।
ଦୁଇମାତ୍ର ଭାଷଣେ ପାଠକା କମିଲେ ସାଧୁ ପାନ

Republic Day

Jamuna Majhi,

Class - IV, Vill: Kutrujhiri

I am Jamuna Majhi. I attend Class - IV of Mukta Gyana Kutira, Agragamee School, Kashipur. My village name is Kutrujhiri. Our school is situated in the Rayagada district. The Republic Day is celebrated every year in our school. This Republic Day is observed throughout India. We have practiced song and slogan some two-three days before the Republic Day. On January 26 we were accompanied by all our school teachers - Kanaka Guruma, Mansing Sir, Abhiram Sir, Lima Sir, Jagyaseni Sister, Gita Sister on a rally to Kashipur in the early morning.

We all went there in our school bus. We got down from the bus at Gouda Sahi. We started our rally there by singing 'Raghupati Raghaba' and shouting slogans till we reached the Kashipur Block Office. The BDO welcomed us and concluded the 'Flag Hoisting' ceremony. Next, we sang the national anthem and shouted slogans there.



The BDO Sir delivered his Republic Day message to everybody. He appreciated our effort and told we had performed the song and slogans nicely. It is not expected from girl students of any Govt. school. There is quality education being imparted to you. He advised us to study with sincerity and work hard.

ଦେଖାକୁ ଚଳାଇବା ପାଇଁ ଲେଖୁ ନୀତି ନିଶ୍ଚିତା କରାଗଲା
 ତାକୁ ଏହି ଦିନ ଠାରୁ କାମରେ ଲାଗୁ କରାଗଲା । କେତେକଙ୍କ
 ପାଇଁ ହୁଏତ ନୟ ସ୍ଥଳରେ ପାପେଇଁ ପାହୁଡ଼ି କୋନ୍ଦି କମିତେ
 ହୁଏତମାନେ ଦଳିତେ ସବୁ କାମଧନା ନୀତି ନିଶ୍ଚିତା ଦଳିତେ
 ଜାଣିପାରିଲେ କୋନ୍ଦି କମିତେ ବିସ୍ତୁତ ଓତକୋଲେତ
 ନୟ ସୀମ ସମସ୍ତଙ୍କୁ କେତେ ବିସ୍ତୁତ ଓତକୋଲେତ କେତେକ
 ଲାଗରେ ସୀମ ସମସ୍ତେ ପୁଣି କ୍ଲୋଗାନ କେତେ ଓକେତେ
 କି ସ୍ଥଳକୁ ସମସ୍ତେ ସମିଲୁ । ସୀମ ସମସ୍ତେକେତେ
 କ୍ଲୋଲୁ । ସୀମ ସ୍ଥଳକୁ ସୁନାମୀପା ତାଙ୍କ ସମିତ ଓକେତ
 କେତେକ ହୁଏତମାନେ ହିତକା ପତକା ହୁଏତମାନ କେତେ ।
 କାଳକୁ ସକାଶିତ ତାଙ୍କୁ ଓ କ୍ଲୋଗାନ କେତେ । ସୀମ ସ୍ଥଳକୁ
 କେତେ କେତେକ ପାଶି କେତେକ ନାନ୍ୟ ହୁଏତମାନେ
 ହାତକା କେତେ । ହାତକା କେତେକ ନାନ୍ୟ ହୁଏତମାନେ
 ନାନା-ତାମିନ୍ୟ, କେତେକ ନାନିତା, ବିଜାୟିନ୍ୟ, ବିଜୁନ, ସୁଜିତା,
 ସିପା ଏକିକି କେତେ ହାତକା କେତେ । ତାମିନ୍ୟ ଓ କେତେକ
 ହାତକା କେତେ କେ କେତେ କେତେକ ହୁଏତମାନଙ୍କୁ
 ବିସ୍ତୁତ ବିସ୍ତୁତ ହୁଏତକା କମି କେତେକ ସହକାହମାନେ
 ସୀମ କେତେକ କେତେକମାନଙ୍କୁ କେତେକମାନେ ହୁଏତମାନେ ।
 ସିନାଲୁ ସକାଶିତ କେତେକମାନେ କେତେକ ସୀମ କେତେକ
 କେତେକମାନେ କିଛି କେତେକ କେତେକ କେତେକ ସୀମ

He reminded us that the constitutional rules and regulations that were enacted to run the country were implemented from this day onwards after independence. That's why we are able to have education in the schools. We would be able to know these rules and regulations as we go for higher studies, he pointed out. He distributed biscuits and chocolate to all of us.

Thereafter, we shouted slogan and got into our school bus and returned to our school. We got down there from the bus. Noted tribal women leader performed the 'Flag Hoisting' ceremony with the Class - I children in our presence. We



sang the national anthem and shouted slogans. The senior Class - IV & V students delivered the Republic Day address respectively. The name of those senior students who delivered the Republic Day messages are Chandini, Rebati, Namita, Binodini, Situn, Sujita, Swapna. Chandini and Rebati welcomed all the school children and told us that it was the British Government that was exploiting Indians and leading us to starvation. The people of our country couldn't utter a word against their torture and injustice meted out to our forefathers. Thereafter, our country

ଯେଣି ସ୍ଵାଧୀନୀ ହୋଇ । ସ୍ଵାଧୀନୀ ହୋଇପରେ ପିତେ
 କିପରି ଭଲରେ ହସିବା ଭୋଲି ନାହାଏ ବୁଝିନାଜେ କଣି
 ନିଶ୍ଚିନ ତିପିରି କଲେ ୭ । ୧୯୫୦ ଜାନୁଆରୀ ମାସ ୨୬
 ତାରିଖ ଦିନ ଠାରୁ ତମା କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକାରୀ ହୋଇ ଯେହି
 ଦିନଠାରୁ ଚଳନ୍ତା ଦିବସ ପାଳନା କରାଯେଉଁ ନିମିତ୍ତ
 ଭାରତୀ ହୋଇ ଯେ ଏହି ସନ୍ଧ୍ୟାକାଳୀ ସାମ୍ବିଧି ଓଲଟ
 ହୋଇପାରେ ପିତୃପଦରୁ ମାତରେ ପର୍ଯ୍ୟନ୍ତ କରାଗଲା । ସ୍ଵଳ୍ପ
 ଜ୍ଞାନ କୃଷୀରୁ ଆଜ୍ଞାନ ଦି. ସ୍ଵଳ୍ପ ଜ୍ଞାନ ଭାରତୀ ହୋଇ । ଭାରତ
 ହୋଇପାରେ ଦି. ଆଜ୍ଞାନ କୃଷୀରୁ ନାନା-କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକାରୀ,
 ଅଭିଭାବ ଆଜ୍ଞାନ, ନୀତିଭାବେ ଦି. ନୀତି ଆଜ୍ଞାନ, ଭୁକ୍ତ ଆଜ୍ଞାନ
 ନାନା ଭାରତୀ ହୋଇ । ପିତୃନାନେ ପାଳି ପିତୃନାନା
 ଚଳୁ ଆଉ ପାଳିରେ ବସିଲୁ ପିତୃକୁ ହୁଅ ନିକଟର
 ହୋଇ ପିତୃନାନେ ଯୁଦ୍ଧରେ ଶାନ୍ତୀକୁ ଓ ବସରେ ବସି
 କରୁ ପଳେଇଲୁ ।

ନାନା-କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକାରୀ
 ଶୈଳୀ-ଚଳୁ
 ସ୍ଵଳ୍ପ-ପିତୃନାନା କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକାରୀ
 ଭାନ-ହୁଅ ନିକଟର

attained independence. Our statesmen formulated the constitutional rules and provisions to streamline public welfare and those 'Laws' are being implemented since January 26th of 1950. The Republic Day is being celebrated from that day onwards throughout the country.

Namita pointed out in her message that the responsibility of formulating the Indian Constitution was given to Dr. Bhimrao Ambedkar. Thereafter, our school teachers delivered their Republic Day message to the



school children of Mukta GyanaKutira. Those school teachers that delivered their Republic Day messages among others included Kanaka Guruma, Abhiram Sir, Jagyaseni Sister, Mansing Sir, Umakanta Sir etc.

Thereafter, we went to get our plate and sat in a row. We were distributed sweets and snacks. We immensely enjoyed the Tiffin given to us and then we returned home in the school bus.

ଗାନ୍ଧିଜୀଙ୍କ ସାହା

ଆମ ସ୍ୱଳ୍ପନାମ - ମନୁ ଜ୍ଞାନକୁଣ୍ଡଳର ଆଗ୍ରଗାମୀ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ।
 କାଣ୍ଡିପୁର , ମୁଁ ପଢ଼ିବା ଶ୍ରେଣୀରେ ପାଠ ପଢ଼େ ଆମ ସ୍ୱଳ୍ପକୁ
 ଦିନି ଆଜ୍ଞା ମିଶି କୋରୋନା ଜଟା ଗାନ୍ଧିଜୀ ବିଷୟରେ କଥା କହିବାକୁ
 ଆସିଥିଲେ । ସେମାନେ ହେଲେ ତିନି ଅପାଳକ ଶିକ୍ଷା ସେମାନଙ୍କ
 ସ୍ୱଚ୍ଛ ଆଗ୍ରମାନେ ବସି କଥା ବାର୍ତ୍ତା ହେଲୁ । ପ୍ରଥମେ ବୁଝା
 ଆଜ୍ଞା ଆମ ମାନଙ୍କୁ ଗାନ୍ଧିଜୀଙ୍କ ବିଷୟରେ କହିଲେ । ଗାନ୍ଧି
 ଗୁଡ଼ିଗାଟ ପୋଷ୍ଟର ଠାରେ ଜନ୍ମ ଗ୍ରହଣ ହୋଇଥିଲେ । ଗାନ୍ଧିଜୀଙ୍କ
 ପୁରାଣାମ ହଲ । ମୋଜନ ଦାସ କରମ ରାୟ ଗାନ୍ଧି । ଗାନ୍ଧିଜୀଙ୍କ
 ସୁପ୍ରସିଦ୍ଧ ଟଣି କଥା କହିଥିଲେ ତୁଳାପୋଷାକ ବିକିଳ
 ଭଲ ଶାନ୍ତ ଶାନ୍ତରେ, ତୁଳା ଘରେ ବୁଝିଲେ, ଦ୍ୱିତୀୟ ମାଗଣାରେ
 ପାଉଁଶ ବୁଝା ବୁଝା ବର୍ତ୍ତା ପାଉଁଶେ ଗାନ୍ଧିଜୀଙ୍କ ବିଷୟରେ
 କହିବାବିଳ୍ ସତେ ବୁଝା ଆଜ୍ଞା ଆଜ୍ଞା ଦୟା ମଧୁ ପଢ଼ନା
 ଗାନ୍ଧି ସମସ୍ତଙ୍କୁ ଯୁଗାଦିଲେ ଆମେ ମଧ୍ୟ ଗାନ୍ଧିଲୁ । ତିନି ଶୁଭ୍ର
 ଶିକ୍ଷା ବିଷୟରେ ବଡ଼ ଶୁଭ୍ରମା ଆଗ୍ରମ ମାନଙ୍କୁ କହିଲେ ତିନି
 ଶୁଭ୍ରମାଙ୍କୁ ଦିନି ବନ୍ଧ ହେଲେ ଦେଲେ ବହୁତ ଦୂର ହୋଇ
 ଥିଲେ । ପାଠକର ମାଆ ଜେଲରେ ଥିଲେ । ତିନି ଶୁଭ୍ରମା
 ଶିକ୍ଷା ଜେଲେମାଆ ତିନି ଶୁଭ୍ରମାଙ୍କୁ ଶେର ଜେଲର
 ଶେରୁକର ଉପରେ ଶୁଆଇ ଲୋକଥିଲେ । ତିନିର ମା ଜେଲ
 ରୁ ଆସି କହିଲେ " ଦିବ୍ୟ ଦୁର୍ଗେ ଠରେ ଶୁଭ୍ର ପାଉଁଶି ତିନି
 ଶାନ୍ତି ମାଙ୍କୁ କହିଲେ । ମୁଁ କଟା ବିକିଆଇଲୁକା ? ଶୁଭ୍ର
 ମିଶି ଲୋକ କହିଲେ । ତିନି ଶୁଭ୍ରମା ବାପାଙ୍କ

Gandhiji's Journey

Mamata Jhodia,

Class - V, Vill. Ratapada

Our school's name is Mukta Gyana Kutira, Agragamee school, Kashipur block of Rayagada district, Odisha. I attend Class - V in this school. A total of twenty persons including the teachers of our school had come to talk about Gandhiji. We talked with the Tinu sister's Group. At the beginning the Agragamee Director informed us about the life history of Gandhiji that he had born in Porbandar of Gujrat. Gandhiji's full name was Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi. In the childhood time Gandhiji had fervent desire. He had focused about five things for the people - 1. People would be given good dress, 2. Good Food, 3. A Nice House for all, 4. Free medicines to all, 5. Pension for old persons. Thereafter, he sang a prayer: Ahe Dayamaya... we also followed the song and recited it. Bada Guruma (Joint Director, Agragamee - Vidhyaji) told us about the Tinu Guruma that when she was three years old she was severely suffering from fever. Her mother was in jail. Her grandmother took her to the jail and laid her before the table. Her mother saw her there

and was very shocked. She then exclaimed, "My dear daughter, you have become so thin". Tinu replied her mother, "Have I got wet so that I would get lean"? The father's name of TinuGuruma was Mr. Nabakrishna Choudhury and her mother's name was Malati Devi. Bada Guruma told us that she would perform a drama to help you understand it. The name of that drama was 'Achinha Saba Jatra' (The Journey of an Unidentified Dead Body).



ନାମ ସ୍ୱଳ୍ପା ନବଜନ୍ମସ୍ତୁ ଚୌପୁରୀ ତ୍ରୟାକ୍ଷୀ ନାମ ମାଳତୀ ଦେବୀ
 ବଡ଼ ଶୁଭୁମା । କହିଲେ ତ୍ରାମା କର୍ତ୍ତୃକ୍ରମ ମାନଙ୍କୁ ଦେଖାକଲେ
 ଶ୍ରେଣୀ-ତ୍ରାମାଣି-ସାମ ସ୍ୱଳ୍ପା । ଅଧିକ୍ଷା ଶବ୍ଦ ଯାତ୍ରା । ଓହ୍ଲା
 ପରେ ସମସ୍ତଙ୍କୁ ତ୍ରାମା କର୍ତ୍ତା ଦେଖାକ ସ୍ୱଳ୍ପେ । ଓହ୍ଲା ତ୍ରାମା
 ଶୀ ଆମ୍ଭମାନଙ୍କୁ ବହୁତ ଖୁସୀ କାଶିଲ । ଆଉ ଆମ୍ଭେ କେଉଁ
 ସ୍ୱଳ୍ପା ବହି-ଦେଲେ । ତି କୁ ଶୁଭୁମା ବହୁତ ଖୁସୀ ହେଲେ । ଆମ
 ସମ୍ପତ୍ତି ଫୋଟାଉଣାକ ହେଲେ । ଯାପରେ କାଶୀପୁରୁଣ୍ଡ
 ଶଲେ । ଆମକୁ ବହୁତ ହଲ୍ କାଶିଲ । ।

ନାମ-ମମତା ହୈରିଧ୍ୟା
 ଶ୍ରୀଗୀ-ପଦମ୍ପି
 ଶ୍ରେଣୀ-15
 ସ୍କୁଲ-ମୁକ୍ତ ଜ୍ଞାନ କୃଷୀର ପରମାମ୍ପା
 ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ, କାଶୀପୁର ।



Thereafter, she performed the drama. We enjoyed the drama to our heart. And, she distributed us the children's newsletter which has been written by us. TinuGuruma was very happy interacting with us. She also had photo session with us. Afterwards, she left for Kashipur. We enjoyed the whole interaction with her very much interesting and inspiring.

ମଢ଼ିଲା ଦିବସ 2020

ମାର୍ଚ୍ଚ ମାସ ୪ ତାରିଖ ଦିନ ପ୍ରତ୍ୟେକ ବର୍ଷ ମଢ଼ିଲା ଦିବସ ପାଳନ
 କରାଯାଏ । ଏହି ଦିବସ ସ୍ମୃତି, ଜଳେଇ ଏବଂ ବିକିନ୍ ସ୍ମୃତି
 ପାଳନ କରାଯାଏ । ଏପରି ସମ ସ୍ମୃତିରେ ମଧ୍ୟ ପାଳନ କରା-
 ଯାଏ । ଯାହା ମଢ଼ିଲା ଦିବସ ଚୂପାଳରେ ସ୍ମୋଗାନ ଲେଖୁଥିଲୁ ।
 ସେ ସ୍ମୋଗାନ ଚୁକିଲେ ନାମ ସେଲ୍ଲା - ଶିକାଦି ଡାଏନଟୁ
 ସାଥାତ୍ ହିସଲୁ ଦିଅ ପାଠ ପଢ଼ିବା ପାଆନ୍ତୁ, ନାଚି ପଢ଼େ ସବୁ
 ଶାନ୍ତି ମାନ ଲେଖି ଦେଖିଲେ ନୁହେଁ ସାନ, ନାଚି ନି ହୁକୁ-
 ପାଲେ ସାଜାଣା ତାମନରେ ଅଛି ଦୁଃ ବିଷାସ, ନାଚି ଚୁକିଲେ
 ଦେଖାତ୍ ପ୍ରଗଣୀ, ଦେଖ ଦାନ ପଦ୍ୟାଚାତ୍ ଦୁଲେଇନା-
 ନାଚିଲୁ ସନ୍ଧାନ ଦେବା, ନାଚିଲୁ ମିତ୍ତ ଜଳେ ପଦମାନ-
 ସେ ଅଢେ ପାଖୁ ସମାନ, ଦିଅ ପଢ଼ିଲେ ସମସ୍ତେ ପଢ଼ିବେ-
 ସମ୍ପାତ୍ ଜିଆ ଚିନ୍ତା କରୁଣେ ହିସଲୁ ପଢ଼ାଇବା ସାନତ୍
 ଭର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟ ତା ପ୍ରତି ନଳେ ଅନ୍ୟାୟ, ମା ଦେଲେ ପାଲେ
 ଦେବା ନିବି ସାତେଇ, ଅଳ ବିଷାସକୁ ଦୁଲେଇନା ହିସଲୁ
 ପାଠ ପଢ଼ାଇବା, ପିଲା ଦୁର୍ଭଳା ନୁହେଁ ନାଚି ସେ ଅଢେ-
 ଦୁର୍ଭା ପଢ଼ି, ନାଚି ଶାନ୍ତି ସମାଜ ଚାହିଁ ଡାକିଲେ ଲୋଲେ
 ମଣିଷ ଦଢ଼ିଛି ଏହି ସବୁ ସ୍ମୋଗାନ ଯାହା ଲେଖୁ ଥିଲୁ ଓ
 ଦାନୁରେ ଲୁଚାଉଥିଲୁ । ବିକିନ୍ ଗ୍ରାମ ପଠାୟାକୁ ଚୁକିଲେ
 ନାମ ସେଲ୍ଲା = ମାଟ୍ଟିକର୍ମି, କାଶ୍ୟାପୁତ୍, ଗୋବିନ୍ଦପୁତ୍,
 କୋକିପାତ୍, ଚାନ୍ଦି ଚାଁ ଏହି ସବୁ ପଠାୟାକୁ ଲୋକ
 ମାନ ଏହି ଦିବସରେ ଦୋଷ ଦେଇ ଥିଲେ ଏବଂ ଅଧିକ
 ମାନ ମଧ୍ୟ ଆସିଥିଲେ । ସେହି ଅଧିକ ମାନକୁ ଦୁଲ-
 ଡୋଜା ଦେଇ ସ୍ୱାଗତ୍ ପଢ଼ାଇ ଦିଆ ଯାଉଥିଲା
 ସେହି ଅଧିକ ଚଳ ଦେଲେ = B.D.O ସାତ୍ ସୁପାକତ୍

Women's Day

Priyanka Majhi,

Class - IV, Vill: Kutrujhiri

Women's Day is celebrated every year on 8th March. Meetings are organized by various institutions especially in Schools, Colleges and at different platforms. Likewise, we also organize meeting in our school on this day. We had written slogans on the occasion of Women's Day.

Those slogans are: 'Education Is The Basis of Life', 'Give The Girl Child Her Right to Education', 'Woman is All Powerful - In All Sectors She Stands Successful', 'Woman Can Also Reach The Sky Limit - She Rises With Indomitable Confidence', 'Women's Development is A Nation's Progress', 'Honour Women Removing Gender Discrimination', 'He Is A Living Devil One Who Offends Woman', 'If A Daughter Got Educated All Gets Educated & Good Social Progress will Follow', 'Daughter's Education is Our Responsibility - Don't Do Injustice With Her', 'If Mother is Educated A Nation is Educated', 'Let's Remove Prejudices & Educate Girl Child', 'Woman isn't Weak or Meek - She Is Invincible Like Goddess

Durga', 'Woman has Created Society of Power - Humanity has Been Nurtured in Her Lap' etc.

We had written these Slogans and posted those on the wall of the school. People from Maikanch GP, Kashipur GP, Gorakhpur GP, Kodipari GP, Khurigaon GP etc. had attended the meeting and we welcomed the guests gifting them with flower vase. The guests among others included Sudhakar Raita, BDO,



ଉଦ୍ଧୃତ. M.P.A ଶ୍ରୀମତୀଙ୍କୁ ମନୁଷ୍ୟ ମୁକୁଳ, ଜିଲ୍ଲା ପରିଷଦ-
 ଉତ୍ତମାଳା ପରିଷଦ, A.B.D.O ସାହୁ। ଏହି ମାନେ ମଦିନା ଦିନ
 ବୁଦ୍ଧିରେ ବୁଦ୍ଧିରେ ଥିଲେ। ପିତୃଗାମୀ ତୁ ନଦ ପାଞ୍ଜି ଦଦ-
 ଚୁଚୁମା, ନାରୀ ନେତ୍ରୀ ସୁମନୀ ମାତା ମଧ୍ୟ ବୁଦ୍ଧିରେ ଥିଲେ।
 ଏହି ବୁଦ୍ଧିରେ ବୁଦ୍ଧିରେ କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟ ପାଇଁ ପାଠ୍ୟ ଓ ଚତୁର୍ଥ
 ଶ୍ରେଣୀରୁ ଜିଲ୍ଲା ମିଶ୍ର ସ୍ୱାଗତ ଚାହିଁ ଚାହୁଁ। ତାପରେ
 ନଦ ପାଞ୍ଜି ନାରୀ ମାନଙ୍କ ନିତ୍ୟରେ ବାତୀର ଦେଲେ। B.D.O
 ସୁଧାକର ସାହୁ ଜାଣିଲେ ନାରୀଙ୍କୁ ଆମେ ଦୂର ଦୂରରେ
 ଦେଖିବା ନାହିଁ। ନାରୀଙ୍କୁ ଆମେ ସମ୍ମାନ ଦେବା। ତାପରେ
 ଚୁଚୁମା ଜାଣିଲେ ନାରୀର ବୁଦ୍ଧି ଦେଖାଉ ପ୍ରଗତିନୀମୀ
 କୁ ମିତ କଲେ ଅପମାନ ସେ ପରେ ପଞ୍ଚୁ ସମ୍ମାନ, ନାରୀ-
 ବିହୁର୍ଣ୍ଣ ପାରେ ପାଞ୍ଜିର ତା ମନରେ ପଞ୍ଚୁ ଦୁଃ ବିଷୟ-
 ଦୋଳି ବାତୀର କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟେ। ଆମ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ମନୁଷ୍ୟ-
 ମୁକୁଳ, ପାଞ୍ଜି କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟେ ମାତା ମାନେ ଏକାଠି ଦୋଳିବା-
 ଠେ ବୁଦ୍ଧି ପାଇଁ ବୁଦ୍ଧିର ଗାଁଦାଳ ପଞ୍ଚୁରୁ ପଞ୍ଚୁରୁ
 ପାଇଁ ଆବେଦନ କଲେ। ମୁଁ ସାଦ୍ୟାତ୍ୟ କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟ କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟେ।
 ଜିଲ୍ଲା ପରିଷଦ ତୁନୁ ମାଳା ପଞ୍ଚୁରୁ। ଦିନ କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟେ
 ଏହି ମଦିନା ଦିନରେ ଆମେ ସମସ୍ତେ ମାତା ମାନେ
 ସବୁ ସର୍କାରୀ ନବତନୀୟମ ଜାଣିବାକୁ ଚେଷ୍ଟା କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟ
 ଆମେ ଚେଷ୍ଟା କରୁନୁ ନେଲି ସବୁ ନାତା ମାନେ ପାଞ୍ଜି
 ଚେଷ୍ଟାନ୍ତି। ସେଥିପାଇଁ ଆମେ ସର୍କାର ଦେବାଳୀ
 ପଞ୍ଜି ନେଲି କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟେ। ନାରୀ ନେତ୍ରୀ ସୁମନୀ ମାତା
 ତାଙ୍କର ବାତୀର କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟେ ଆମ ବିଷୟକୁ ମାନେ
 ପାଠ ପଢ଼ି ବୁଦ୍ଧି କର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟ। ପାଇଁ ପିତୃଗାମୀ ସୁଧା-

(୨)

Kashipur, Makaranda Muduli, MLA, Ratnamala Parichha, Zilla Parishad member and ABDO, Kashipur were present on the occasion of Women's Day celebration at our School. Agramee's Director, (Bada Angya), Joint Director (Bada Guruma), Women Leader Sumani Jhodia, were present at the meeting.

To add enthusiasm to the Women's Day celebration the children of Class - IV & V together performed the Welcome Song. Thereafter, Bada Angya (Director, Agramee) eulogize the roles played by great women leaders in the past braving adversity and talked about issues and contribution of women vital for a pure development in society. Sudhakar Sir explained that we shouldn't look at women as an inferior being/perspective. We should honour her and provide her legitimate social-economic status and provide due recognition of her contribution at all levels as our



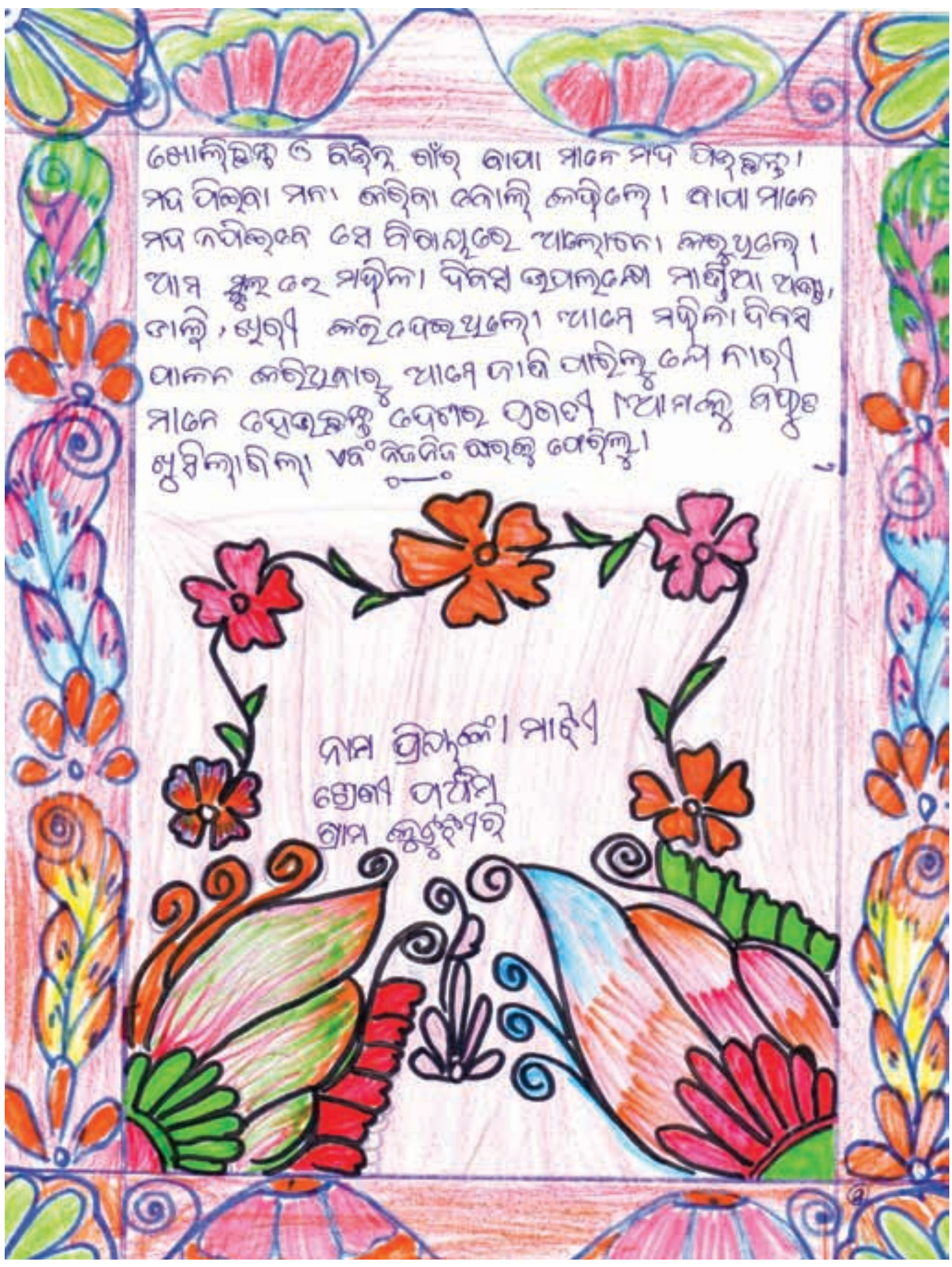
overall progress development is dependent on her strength. Next, Guruma praise the strength of Woman and expressed concerned that



anyone who offends woman is a human beast. Woman can rise to the unimaginable height of achievement, she explored. Our MLA Mr. Makarand Muduli said he would help women if they applied for plantation and sanitation in the village. The Zilla Parishad Member Ratnamala Parichha pointed out that women should be aware of provisions and facilities of Govt. rules. The women are being victimized by the male-dominated administration and society. We need to be alert for that, she advised. Noted tribal women leader Sumani Jhodia emphasized that Agramee school has been established to empowered the tribal girl children's education

ଖୋଲିଛନ୍ତି ଓ ବିକିନ୍ ଗାଁ ବାପା ମାନେ ମଦ ପିବୁଛନ୍ତି ।
 ମଦ ପିବୁବା ମନା କରୁନା ନୋଲି କରୁଲେ । ବାପା ମାନେ
 ମଦ ନପିବୁଲେ ସେ ଦିବାମୂର୍ତ୍ତେ ଆଲୋଚନା କରୁଥୁଲେ ।
 ଆମ ସ୍କୁଲ ଠେ ମଢ଼ିନା ଦିନର ବ୍ରତଲକ୍ଷ୍ମୀ ମାଣ୍ଡିଆ ଅନ୍ଧ,
 ତାଲି, ଖୁରା କରୁଦେଇଥୁଲେ । ଆମେ ମଢ଼ିନା ଦିନର
 ପାଳନ କରୁଥୁବାକୁ ଆମେ ଦାରି ପାରିଲୁ ତେ ନାଚୁ
 ମାନେ ଦେହରୁକୁ ଦେଶର ପ୍ରତାପ । ଆମକୁ ନିପୁଣ
 ଖୁସିଲାଗିଲା ଏବଂ କେନିଦ ଅରୁକୁ ଦେଖିଲୁ ।

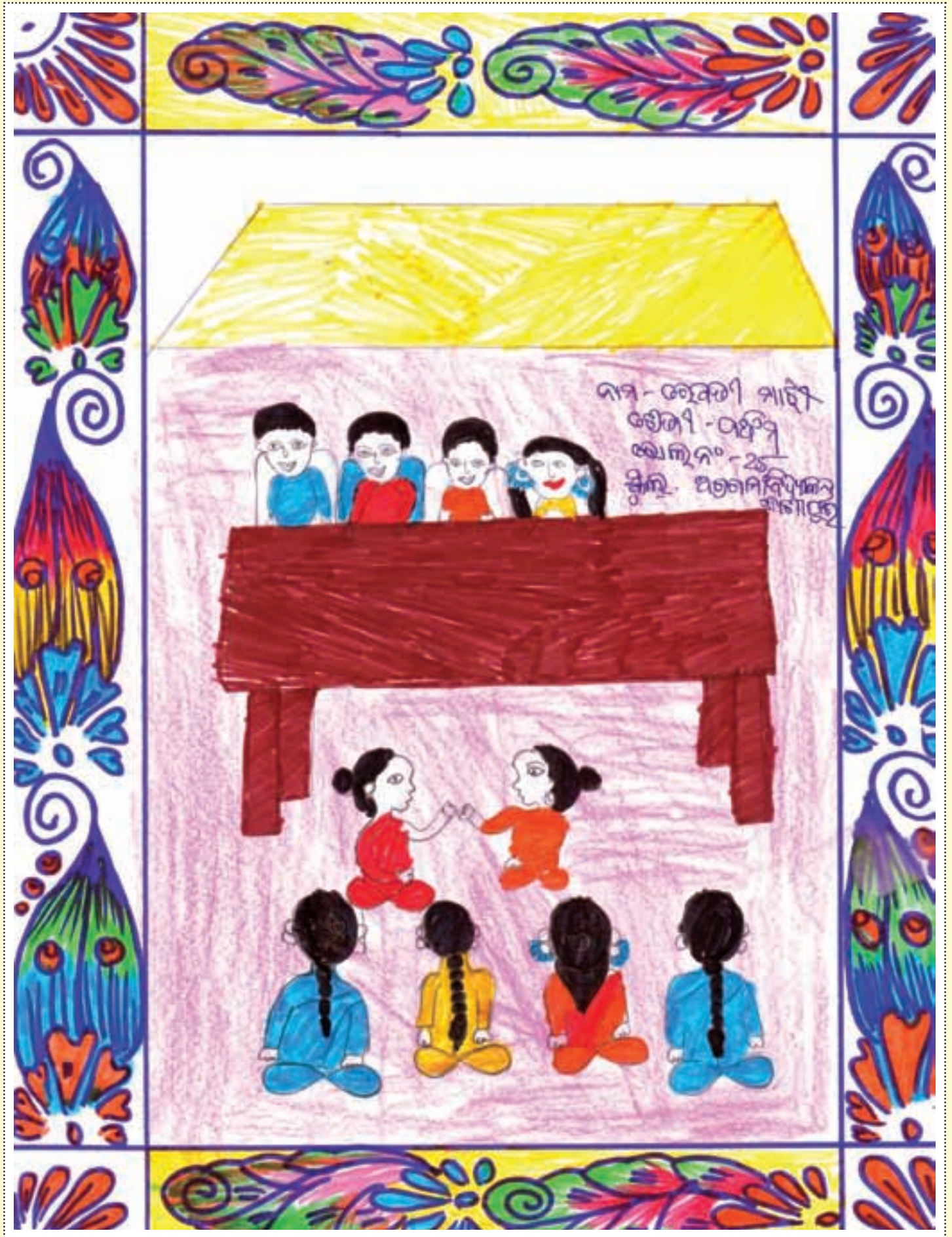
ନାମ ପ୍ରିୟଙ୍କା ମାହାପାତ୍ର
 ଶ୍ରେଣୀ ଦଶମି
 ଗ୍ରାମ କୁଣ୍ଡୁବିହାର





and the males of different villages indulge in liquor. Women need to ask their male counterparts to give up drinking of liquor. Earlier, it was being focused how to check the drinking habits of the male persons in our tribal areas.

We had had Ragi item, Dal, Khiri etc. made for our lunch. We could realize that women's level of empowerment is the indicator of a nation's progress from celebrating this Women's Day in our school. We felt relaxed and relieved and finally returned home.



The writers



Anjana Jhodia



Binodini Kumbhar



Chandini Naik



Hemalata Kumbhar



Jamuna Majhi



Mamata Jhodia



Muni Majhi



Namita Kumbhar



Priyanka Majhi



Rebati Majhi



Rupuni Jhodia



Shridevi Naik



Shrilata Majhi



Sujita Majhi



Mamali Kumbhar



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